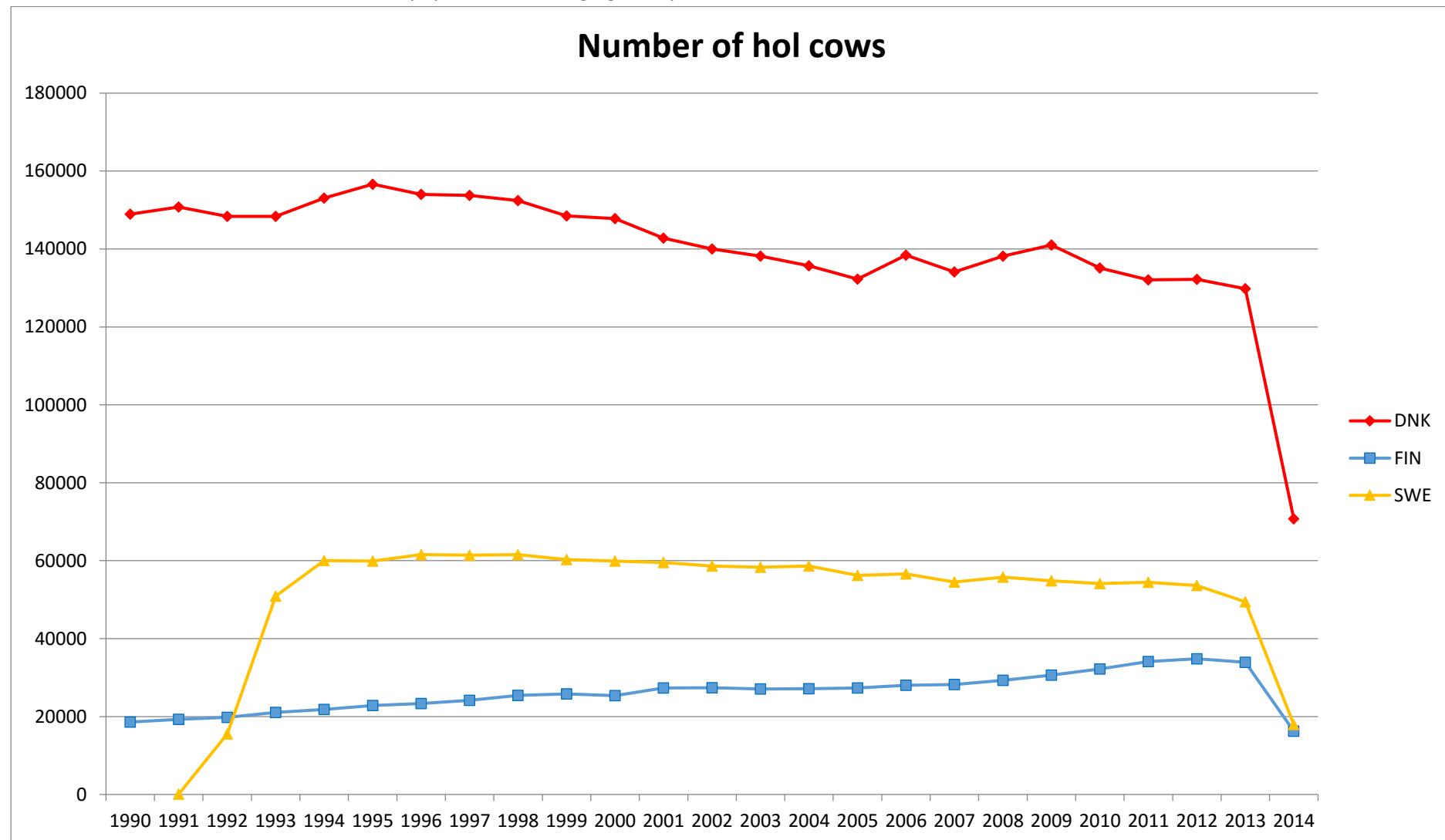
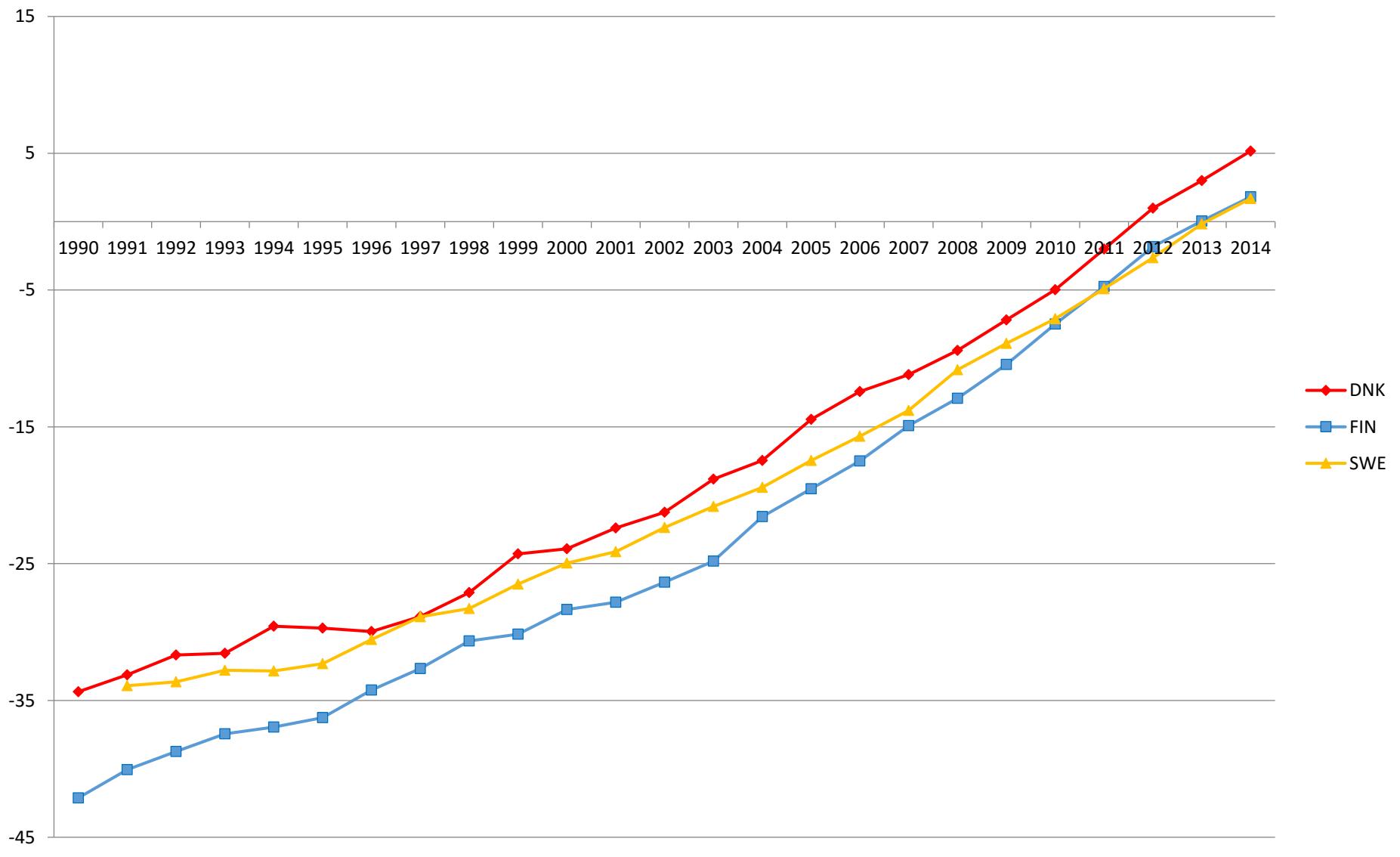


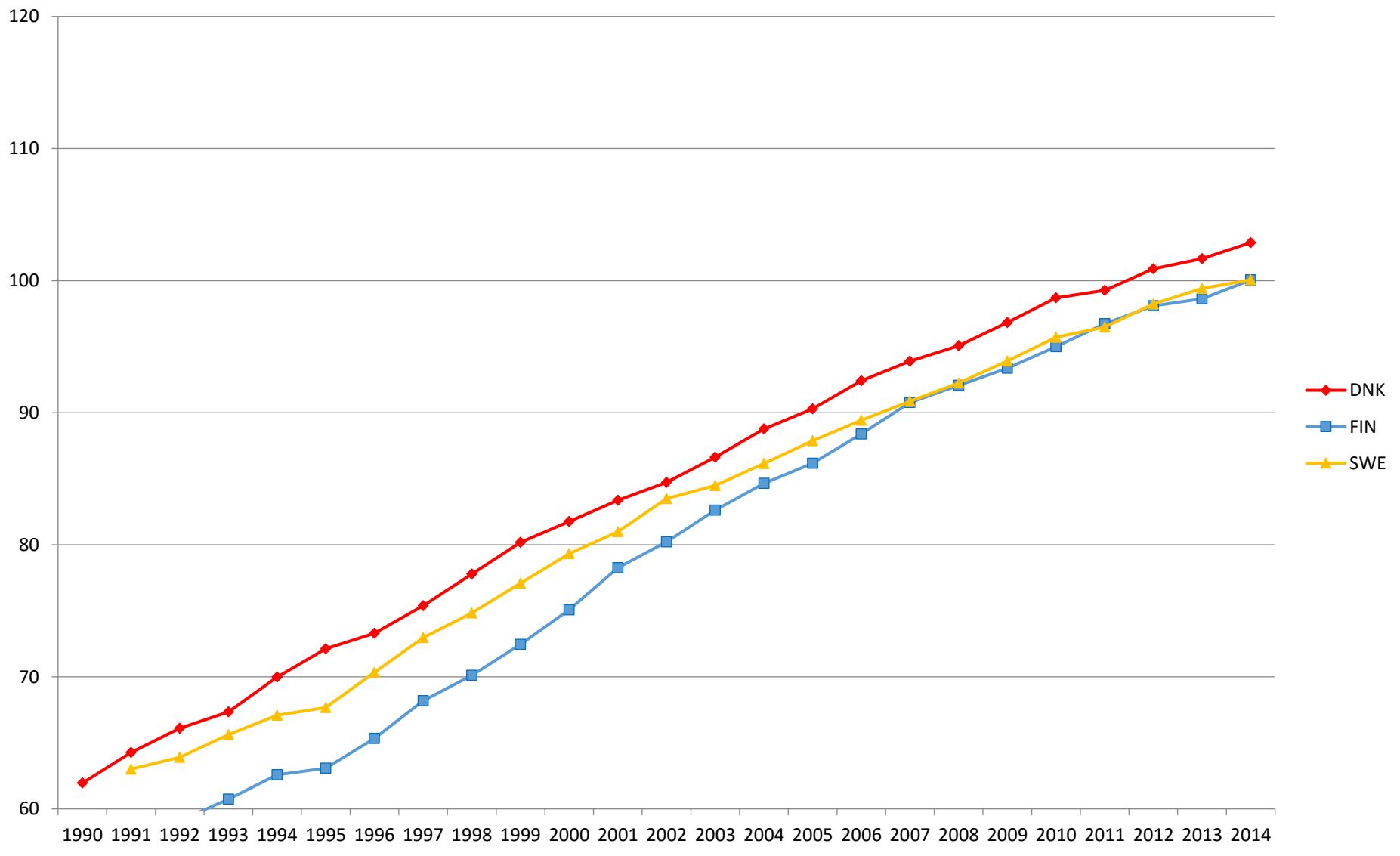
Following document shows genetic trends in traits that are included in NTM. Additionally, genetic trends in individual type traits, in yield traits and in growth traits are given. Genetic trends are calculated from females that get breeding values in NAV evaluation. For each birth year class a mean is calculated. From annual means it can be concluded how the population is changing over years.



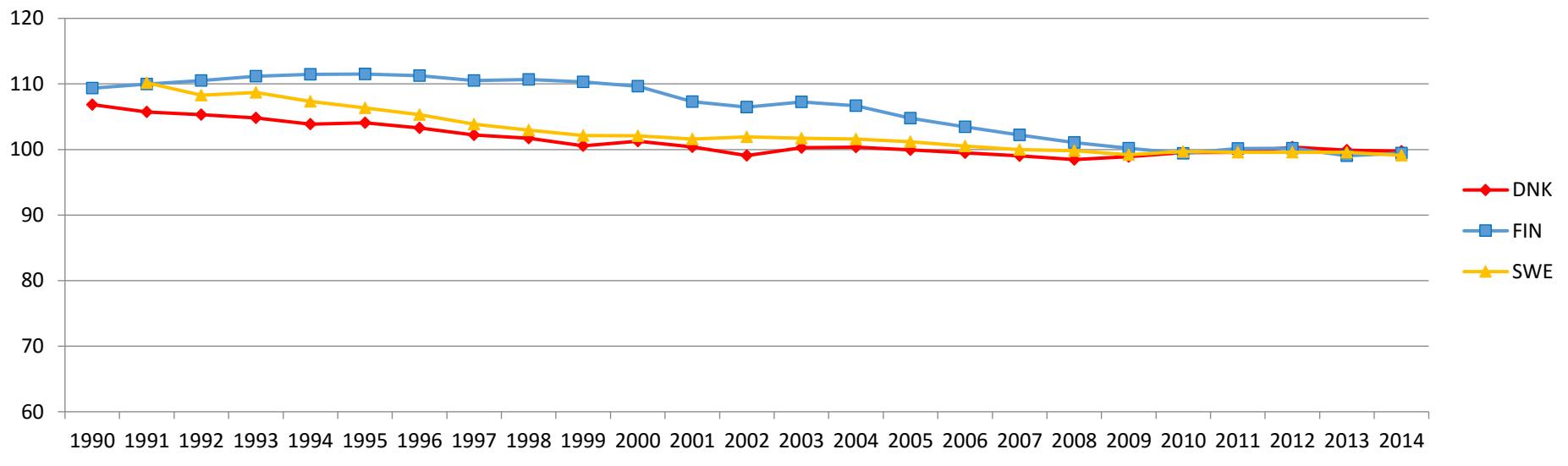
Genetic trend in NTM, hol cows



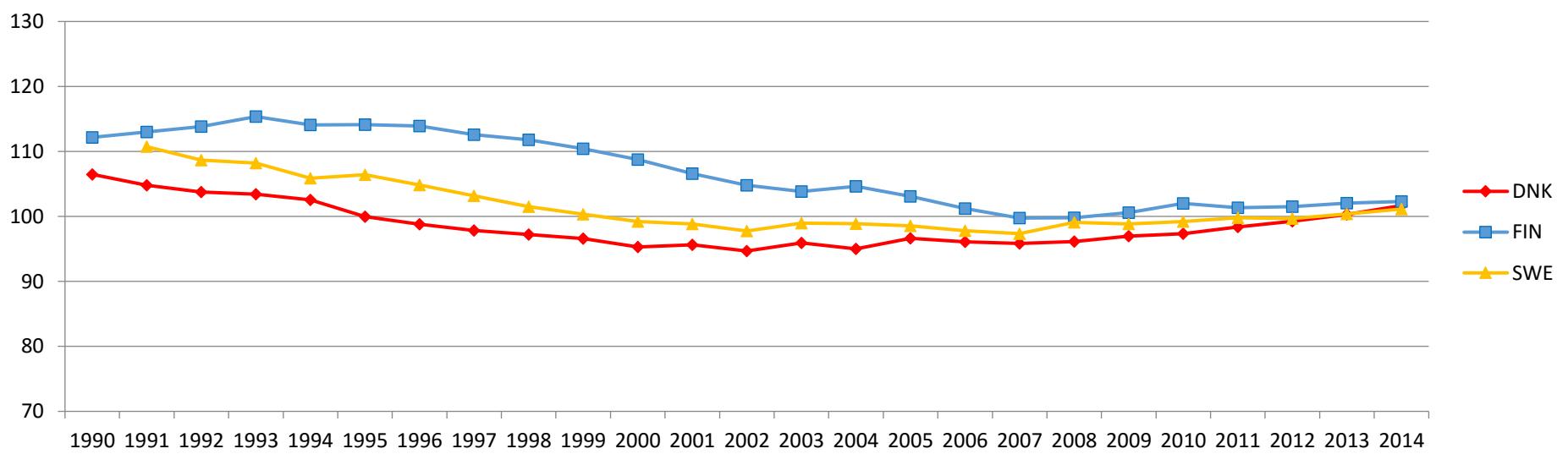
Genetic trend in yield, hol cows



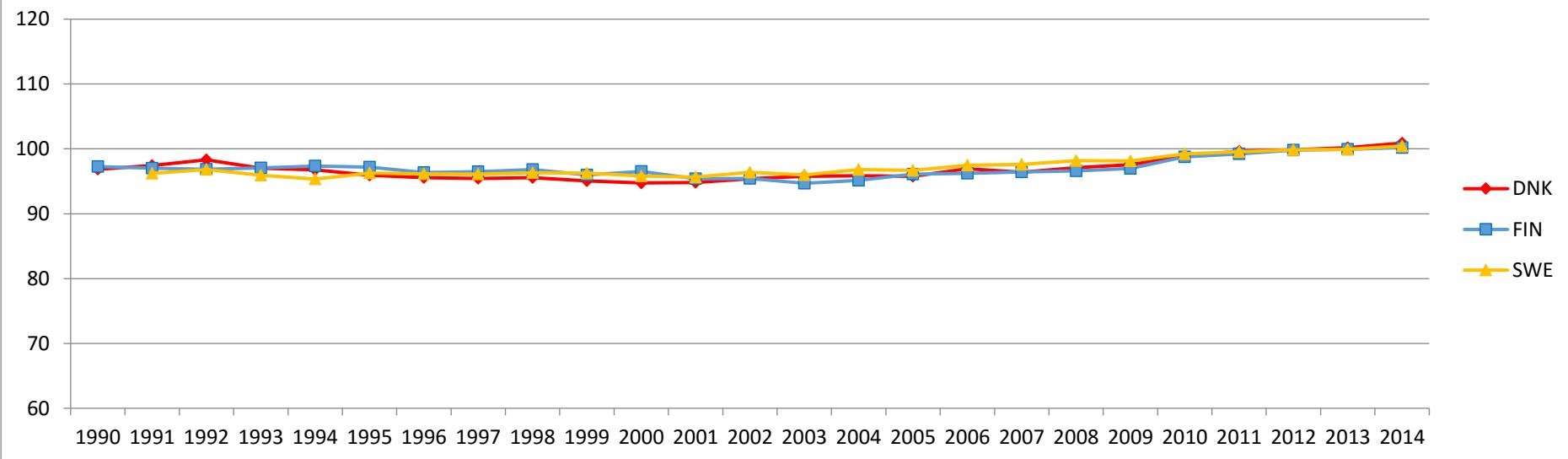
Genetic trend in growth, hol cows



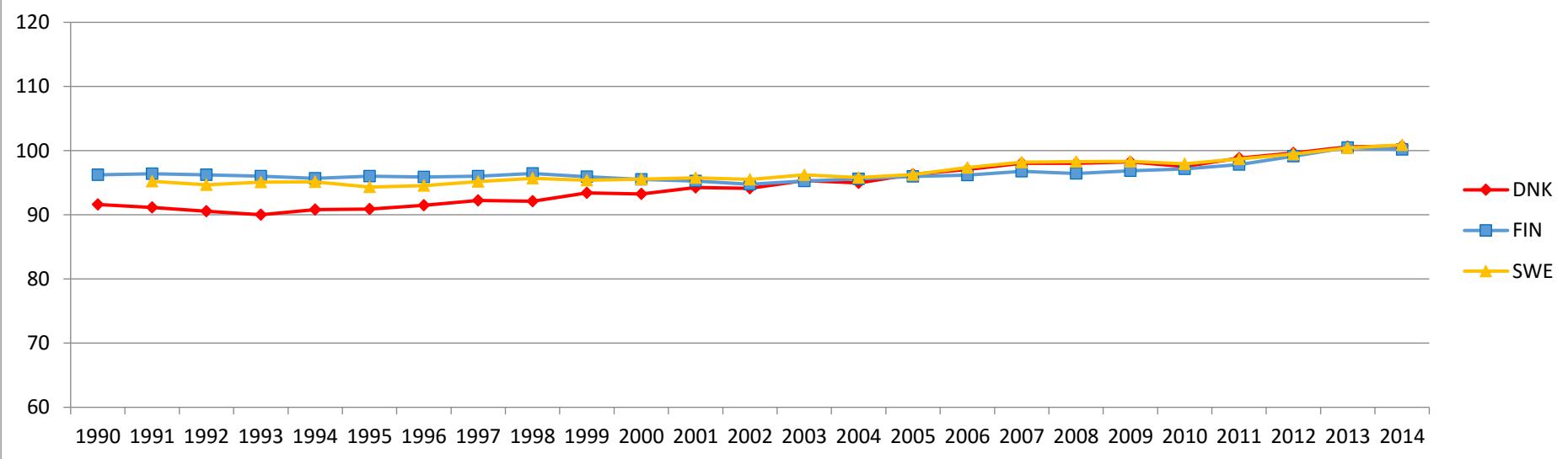
Genetic trend in fertility, hol cows



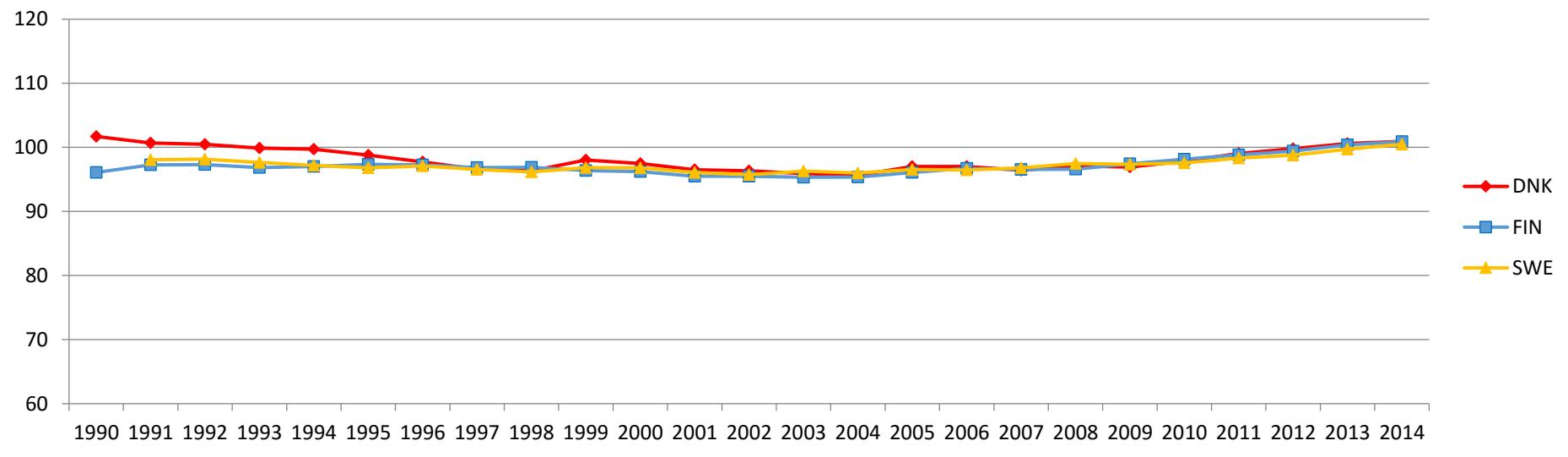
Genetic trend in birth index, hol cows



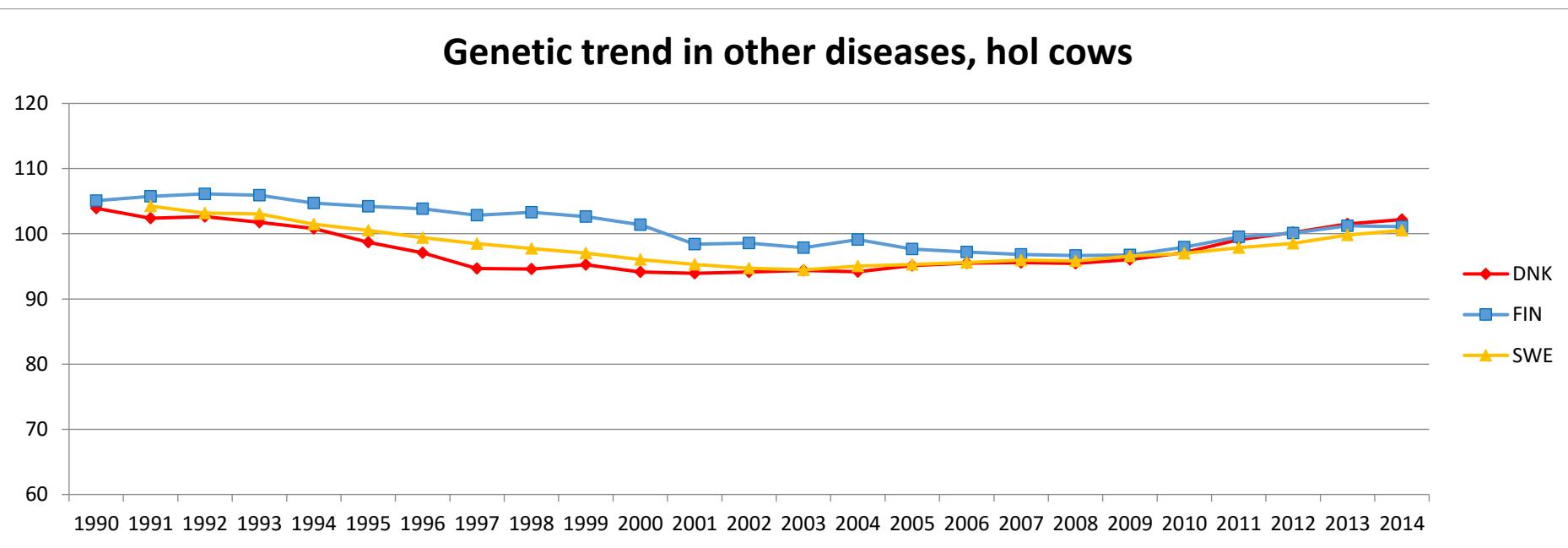
Genetic trend in calving index, hol cows

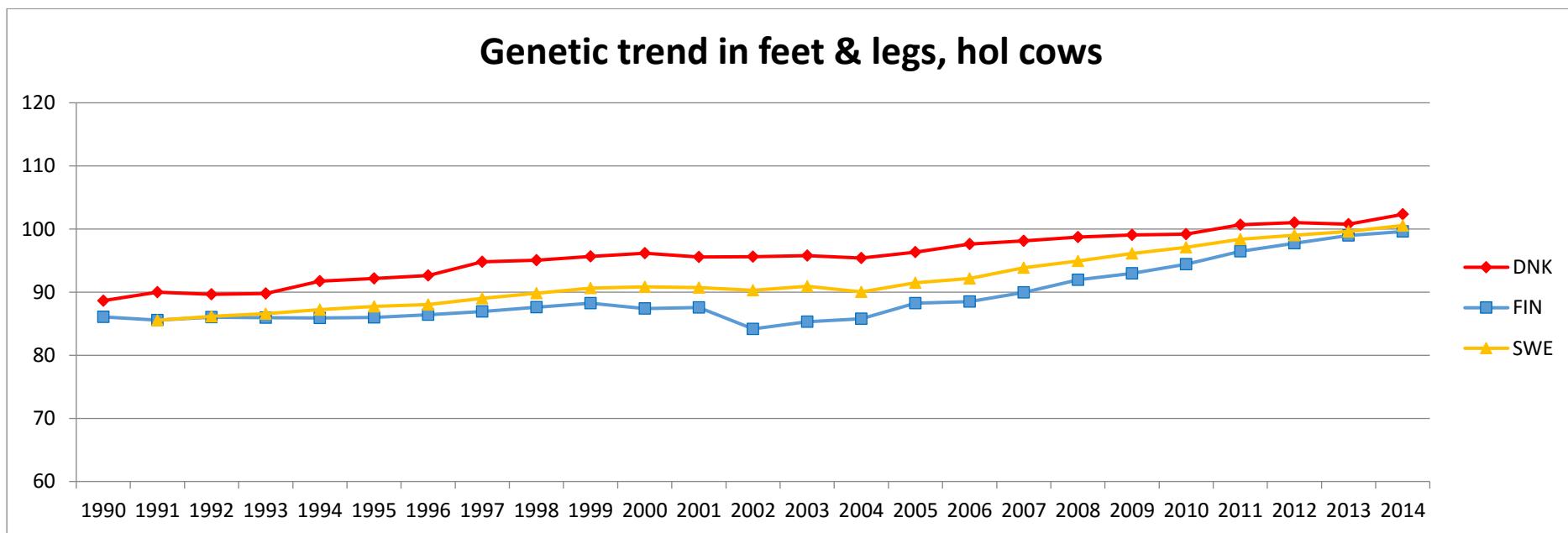
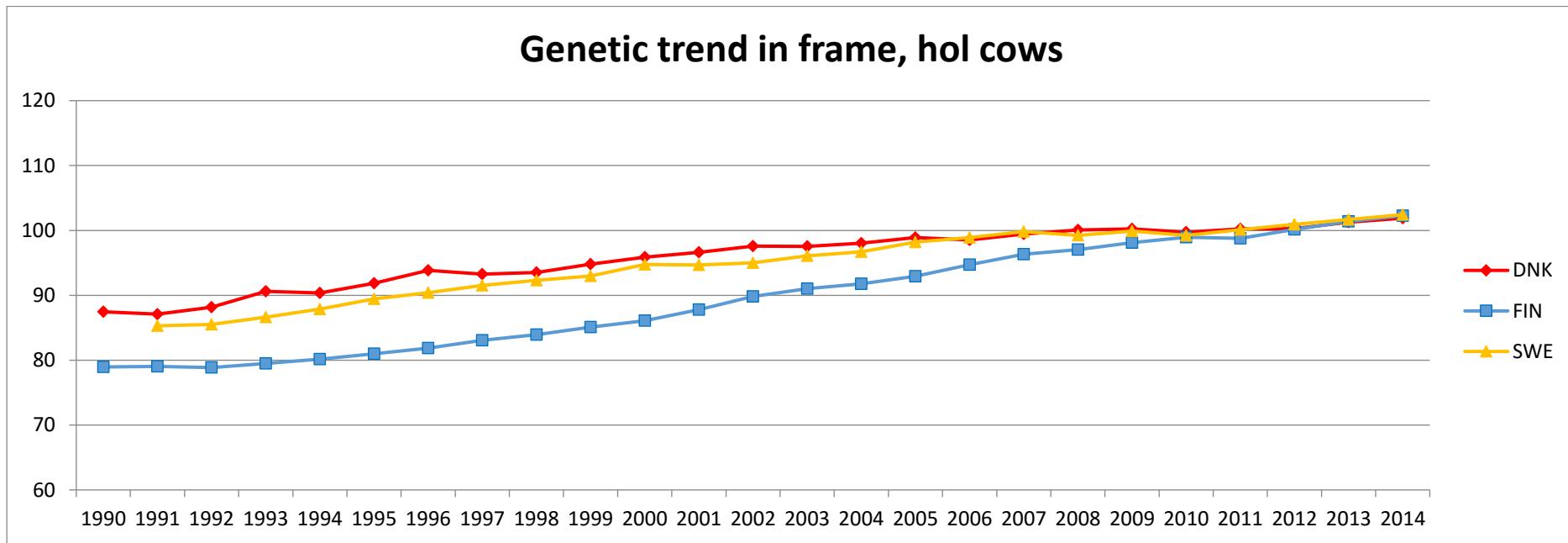


Genetic trend in udder health, hol cows

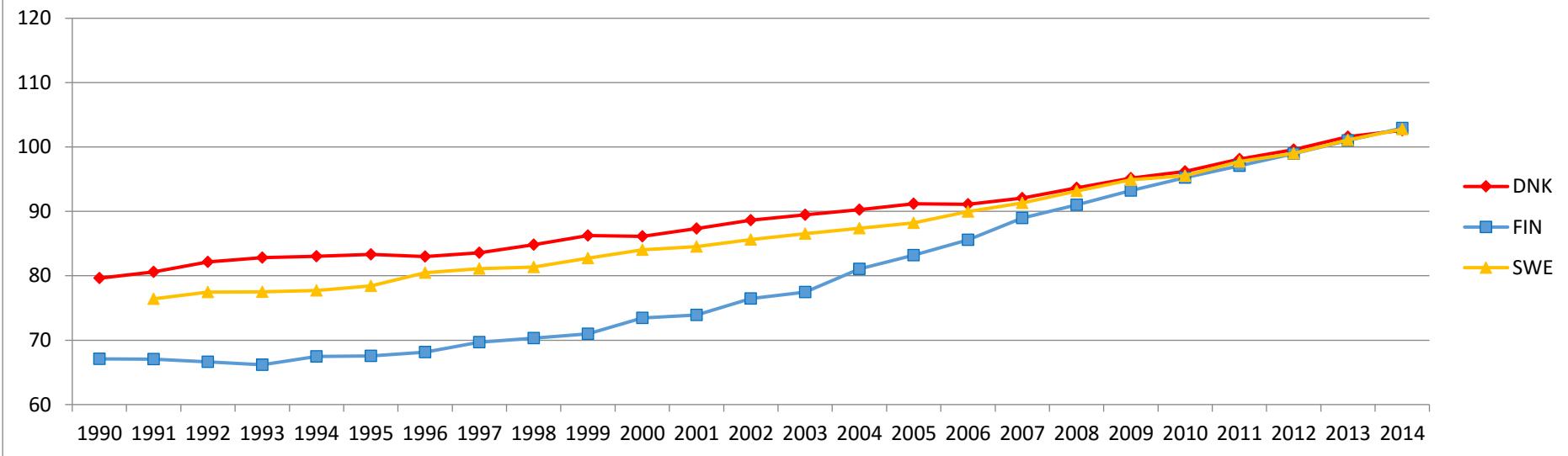


Genetic trend in other diseases, hol cows

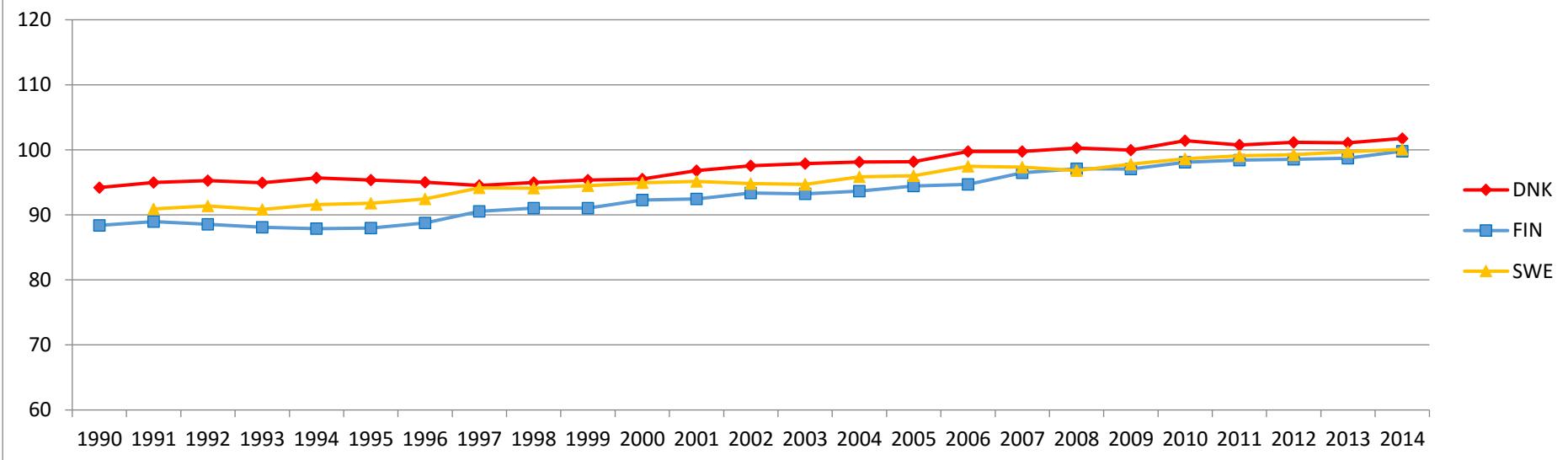


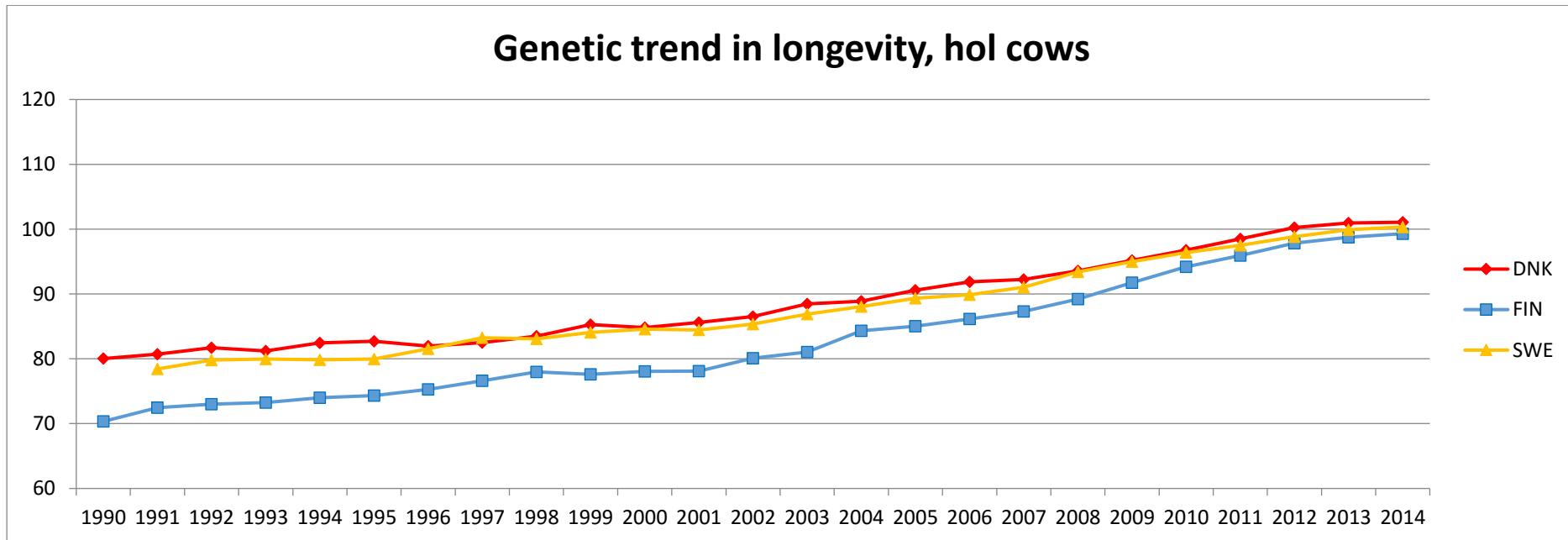
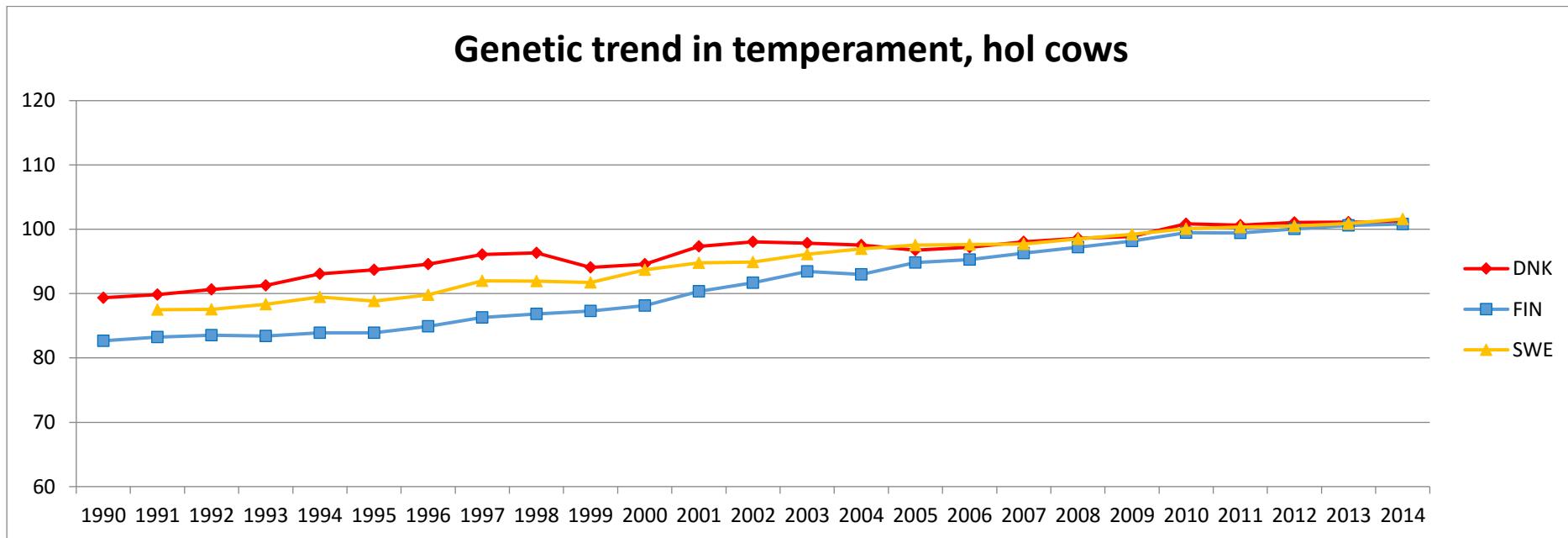


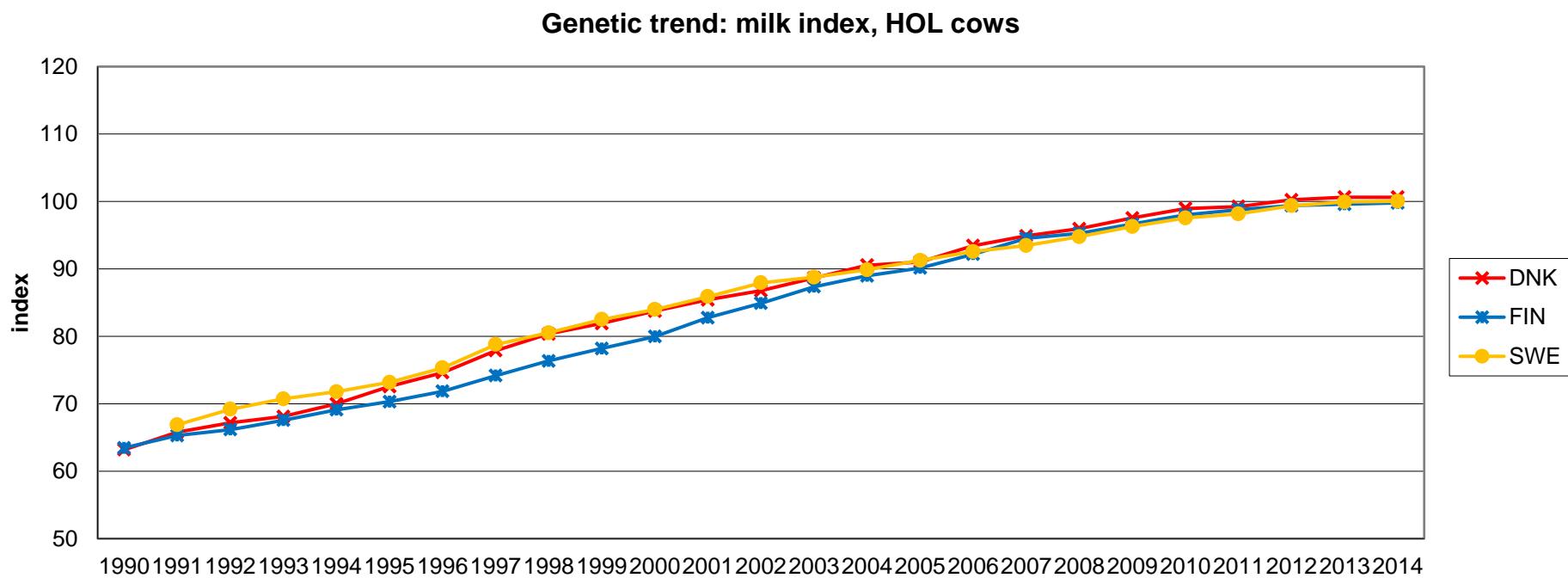
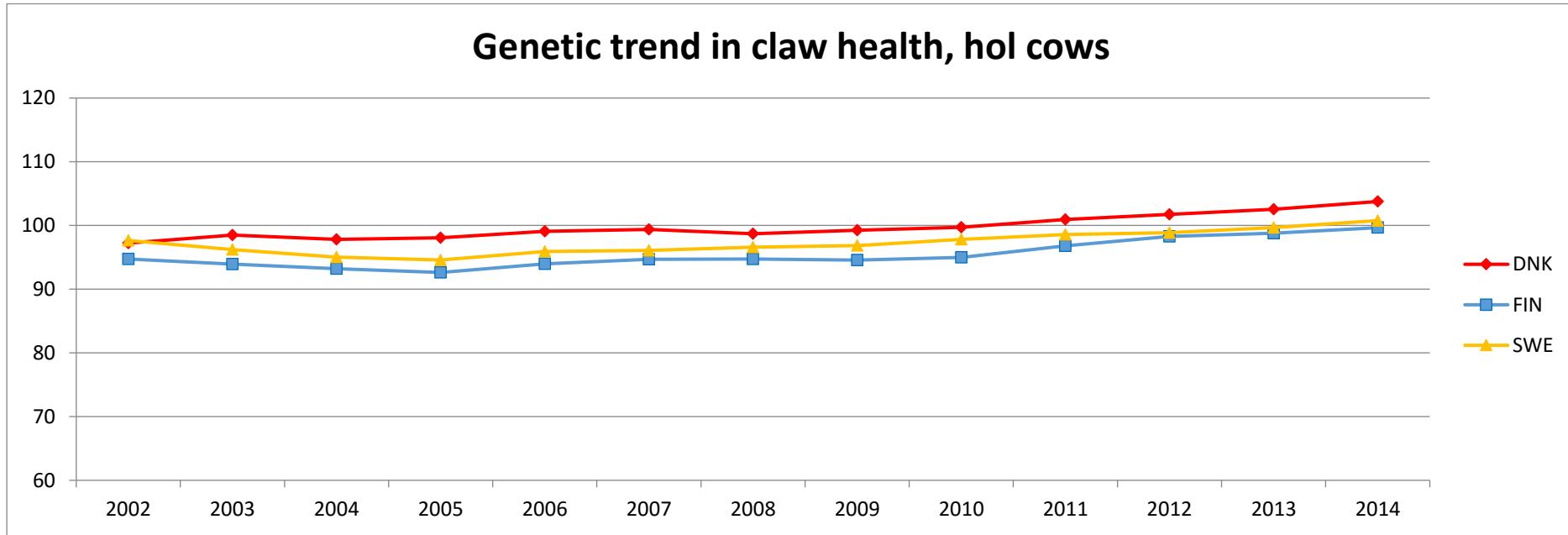
Genetic trend in udder conformation, hol cows



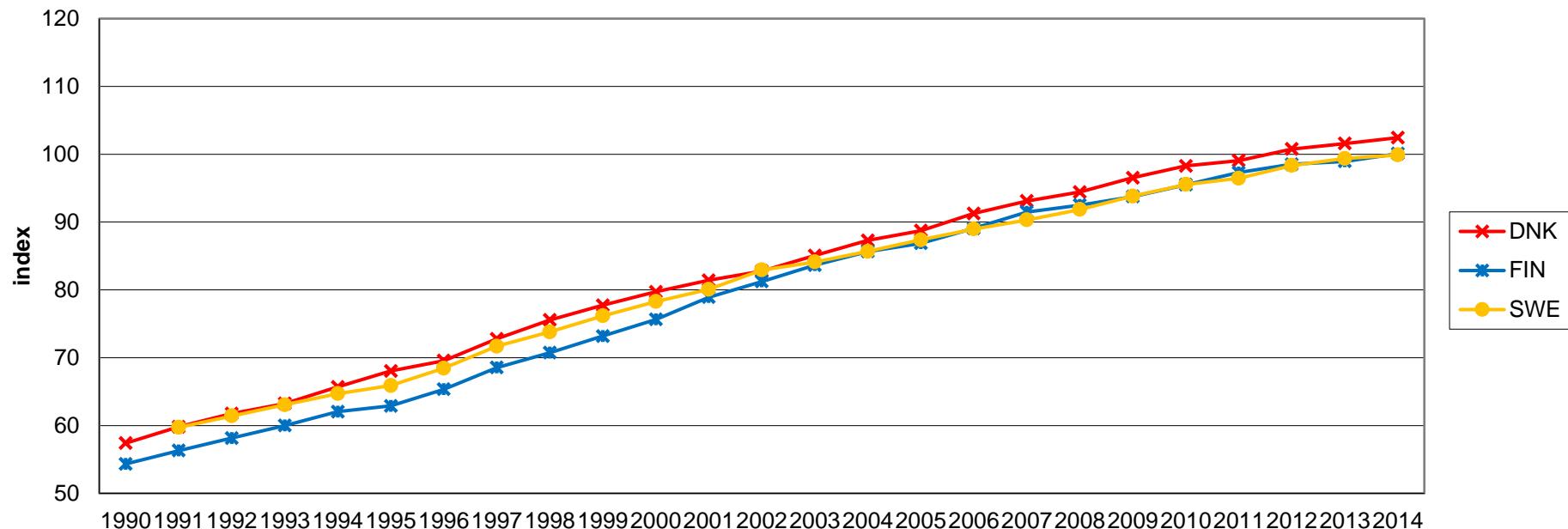
Genetic trend in milkability, hol cows



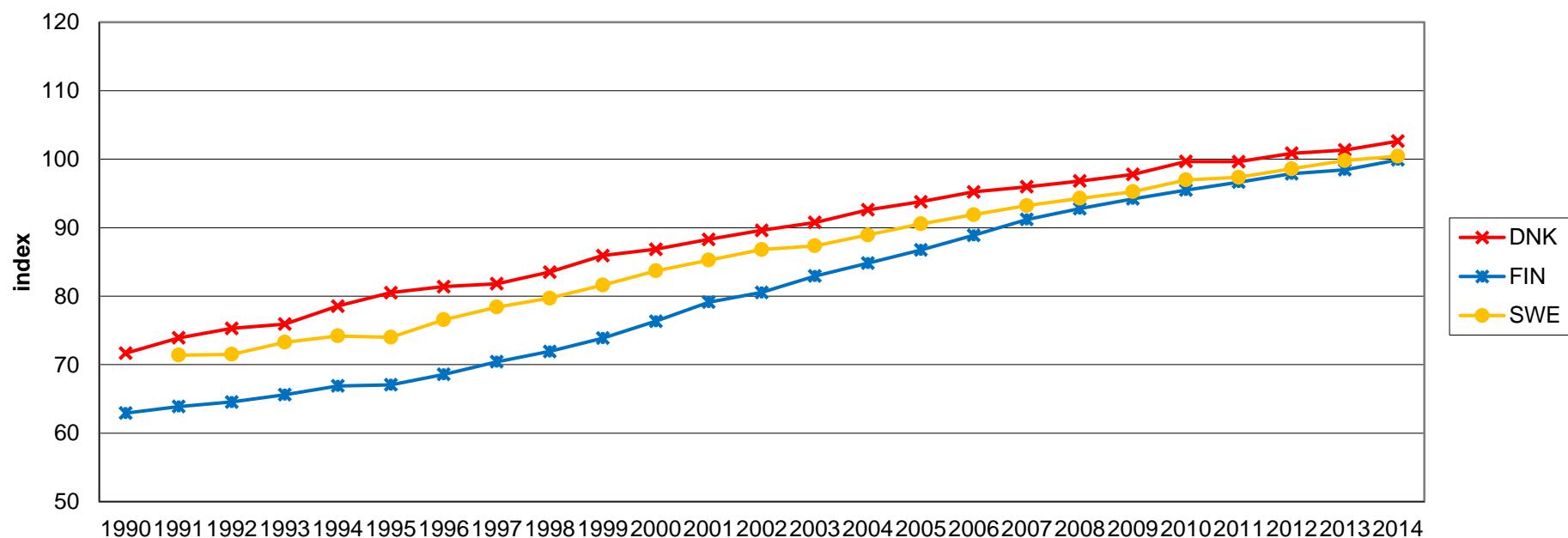




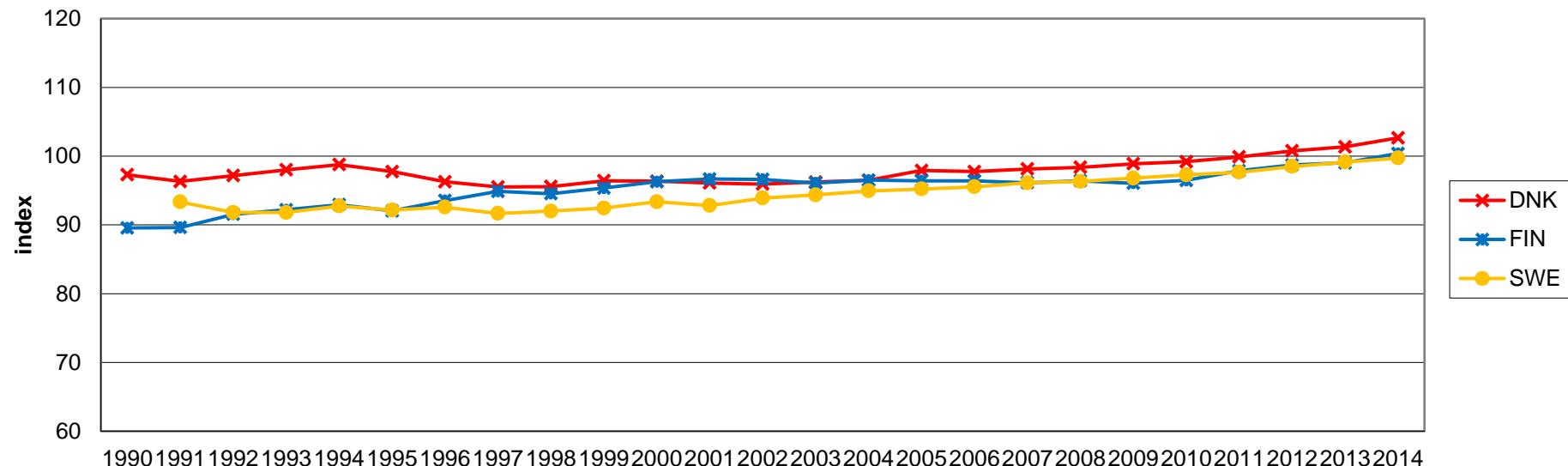
Genetic trend: protein kg index, HOL cows



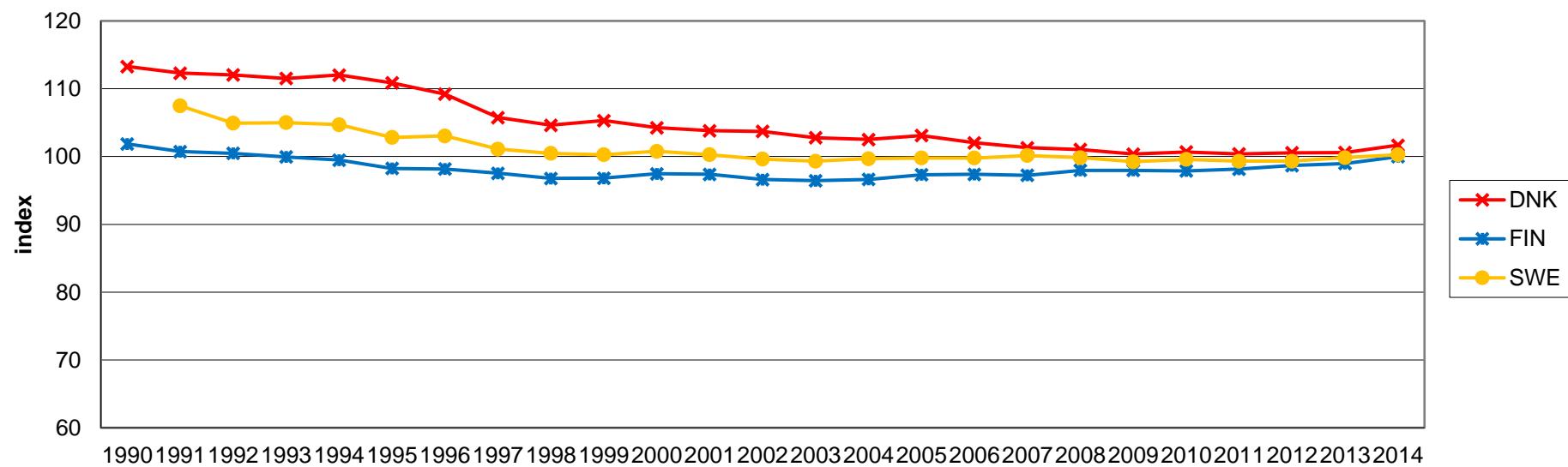
Genetic trend: fat kg index, HOL cows



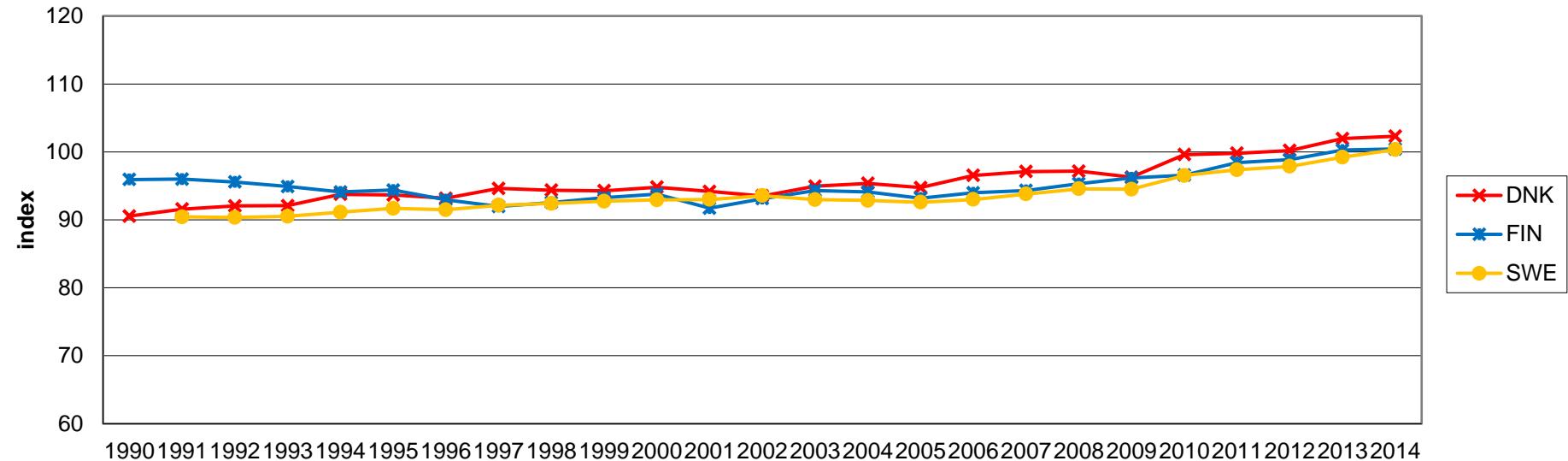
Genetic trend: protein% index, HOL cows



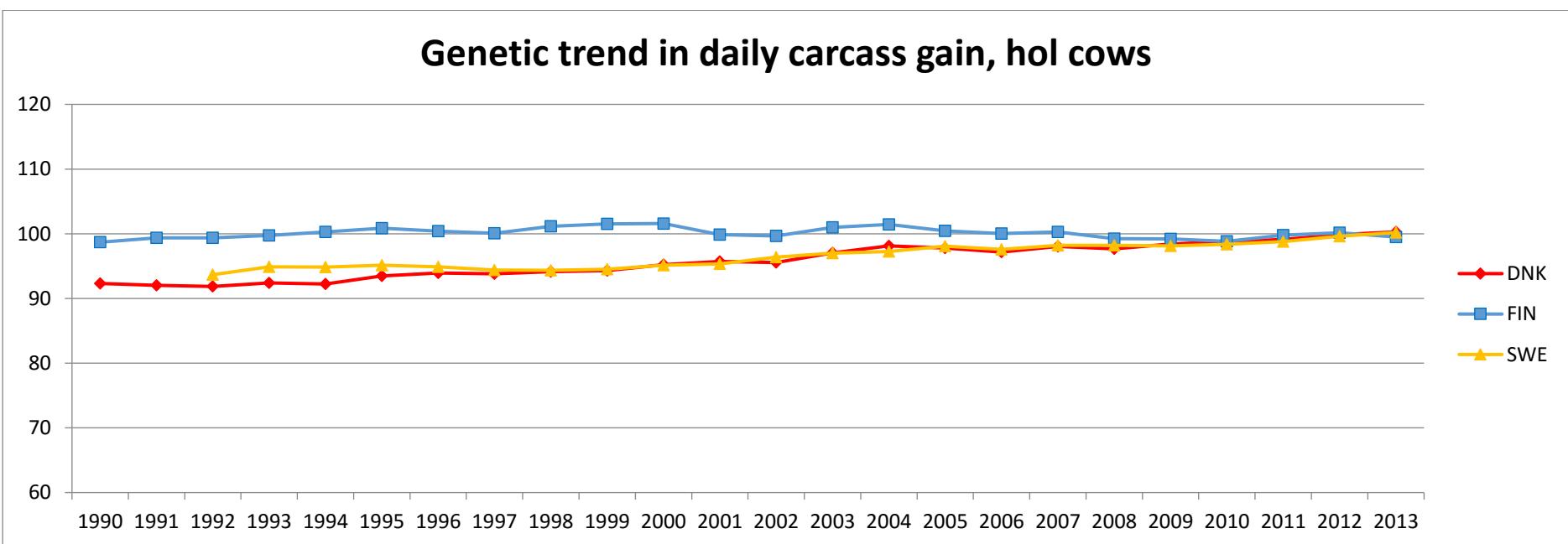
Genetic trend: fat% index, HOL cows

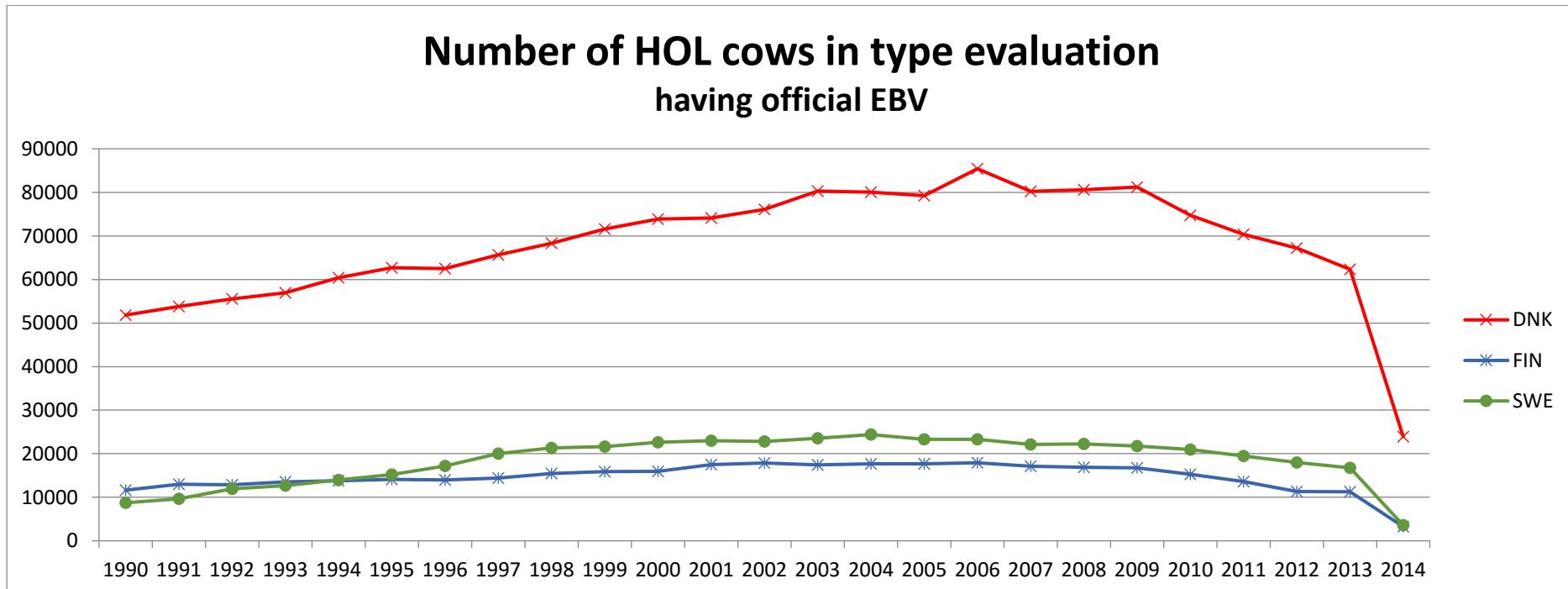
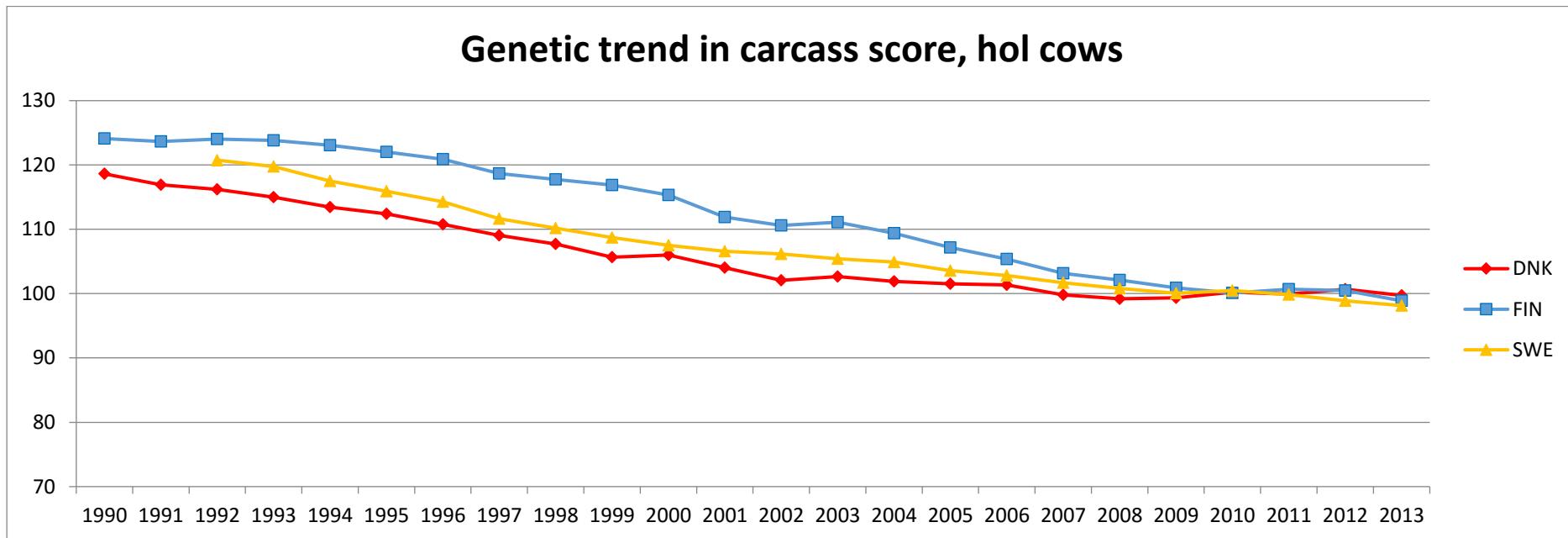


Genetic trend: persistency index, HOL cows

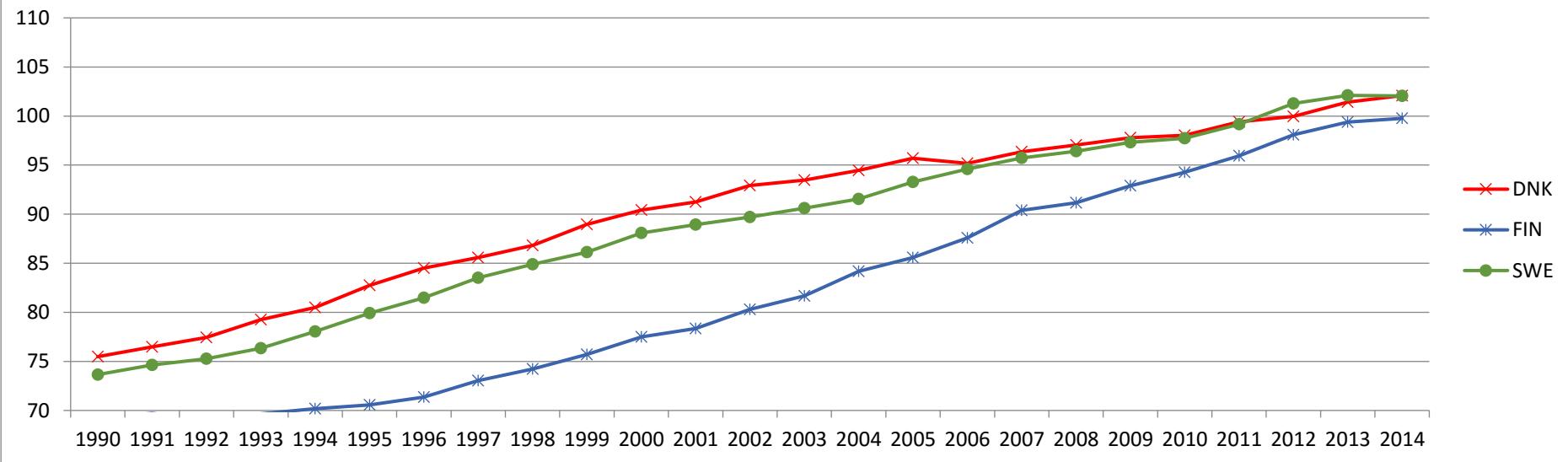


Genetic trend in daily carcass gain, hol cows

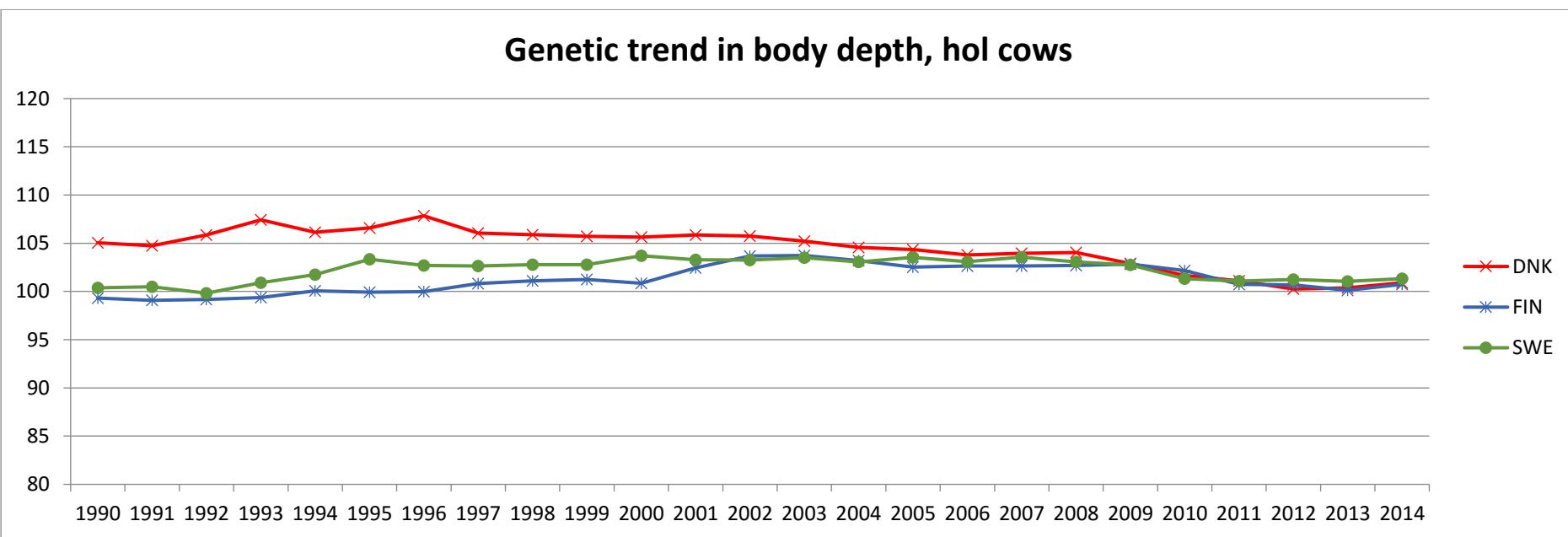


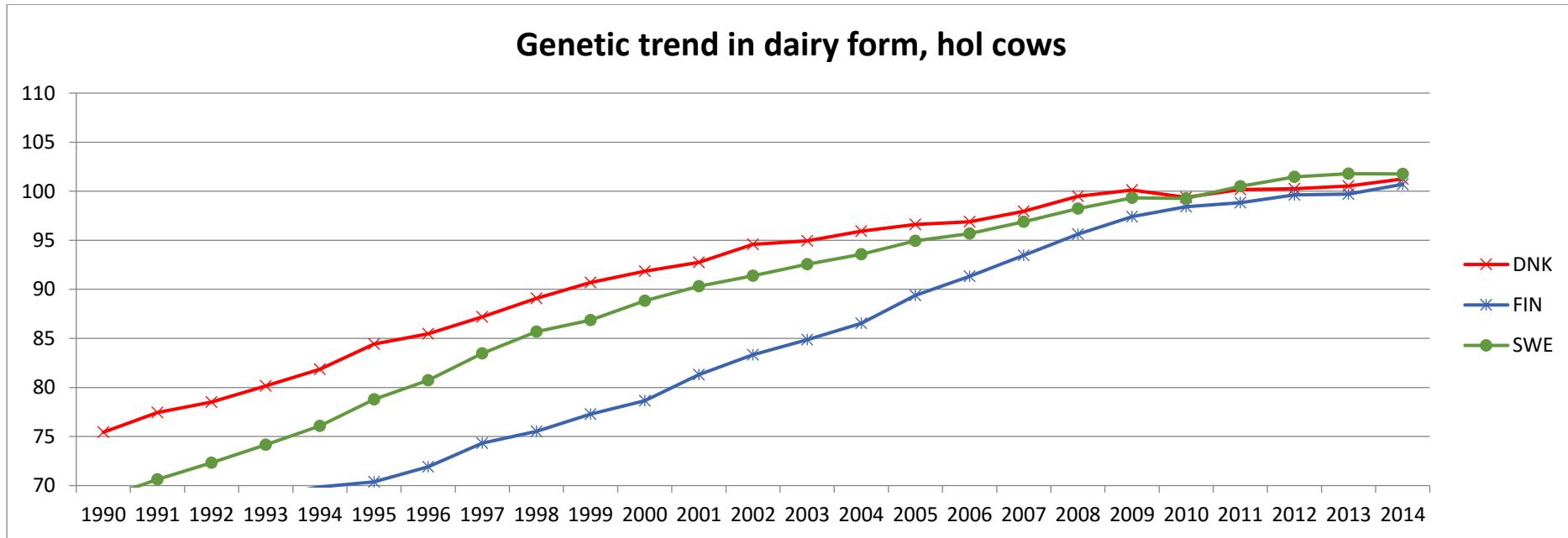
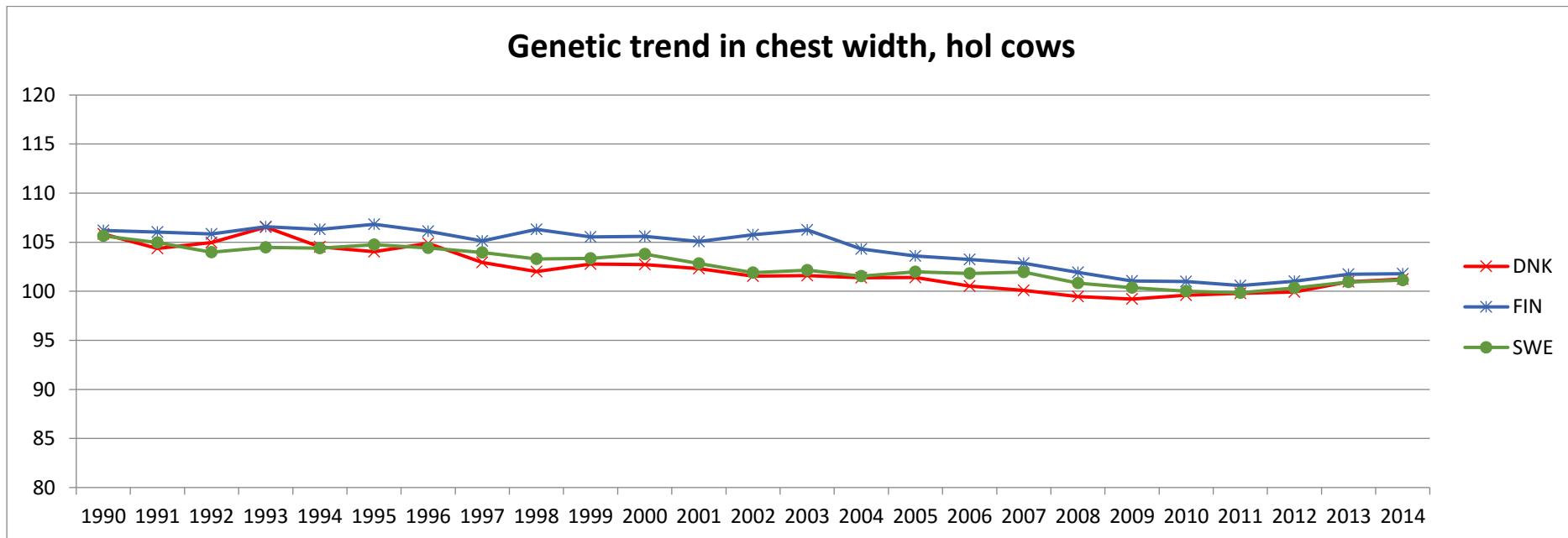


Genetic trend in stature, hol cows

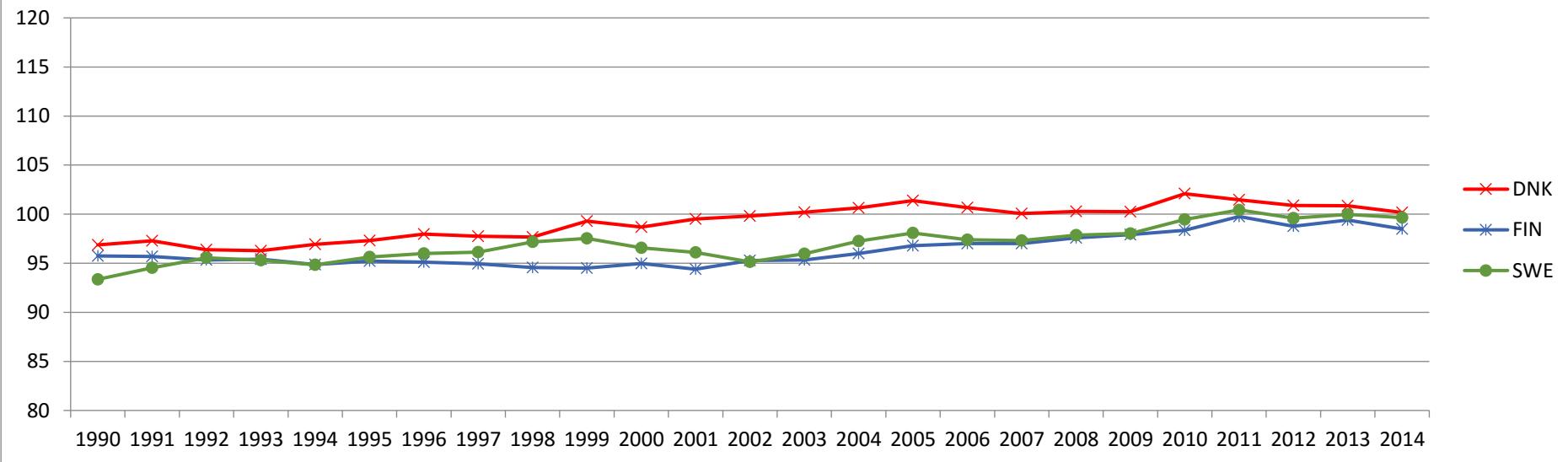


Genetic trend in body depth, hol cows

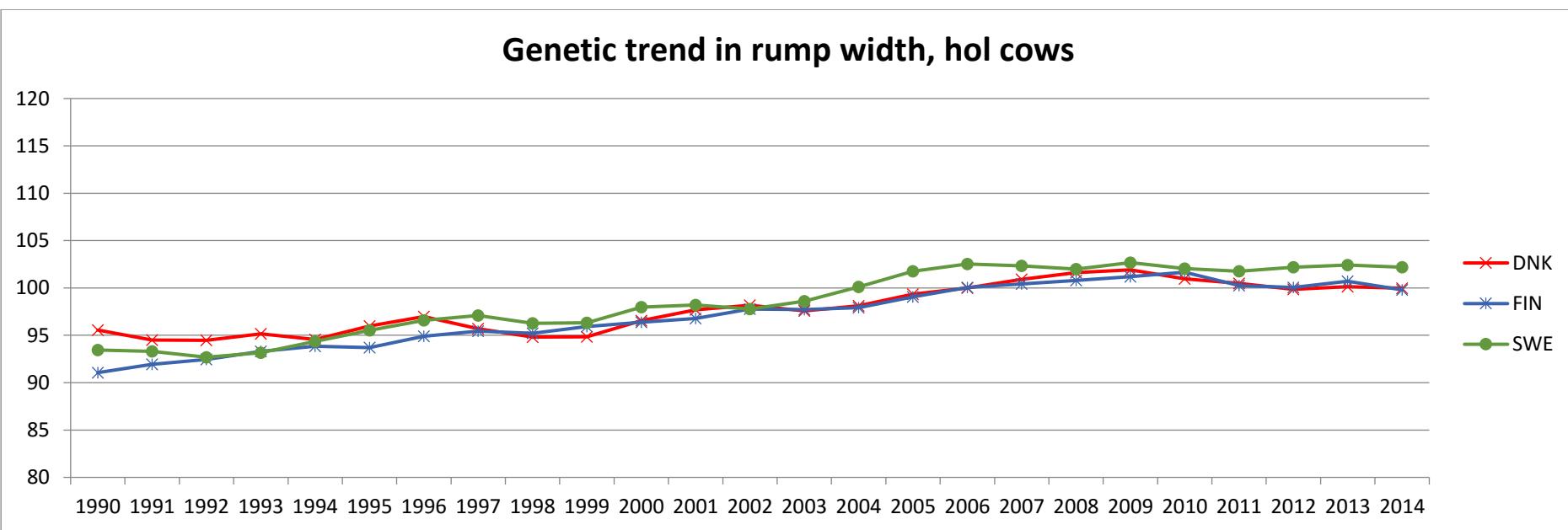




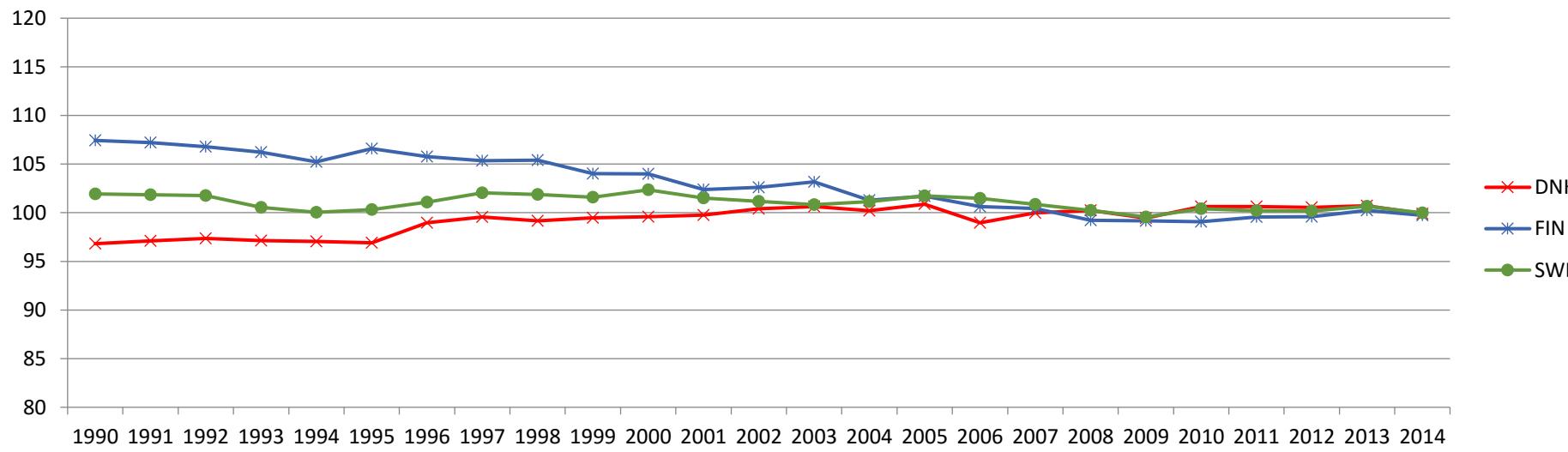
Genetic trend in top line, hol cows



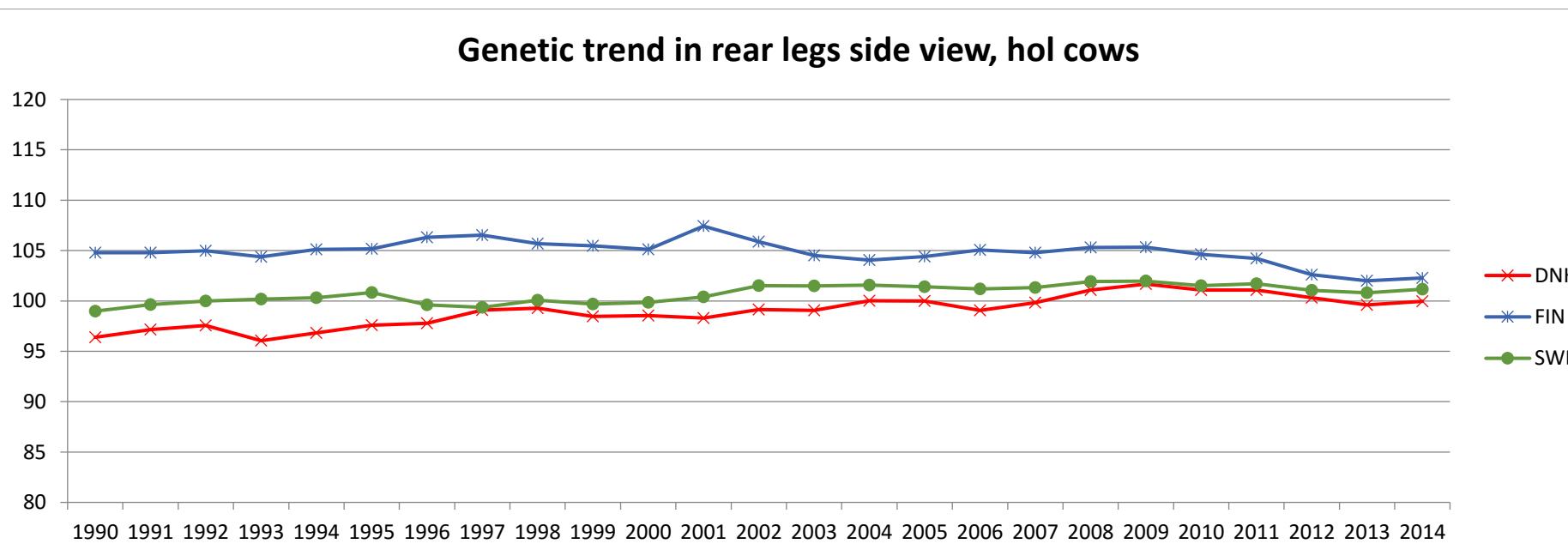
Genetic trend in rump width, hol cows



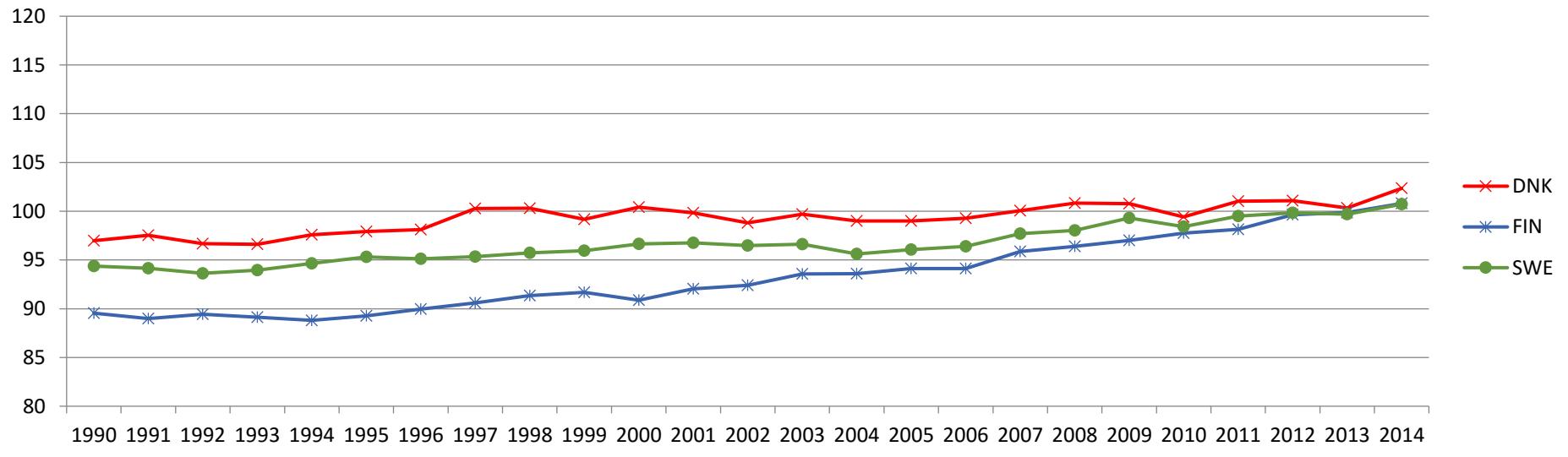
Genetic trend in rump angle, hol cows



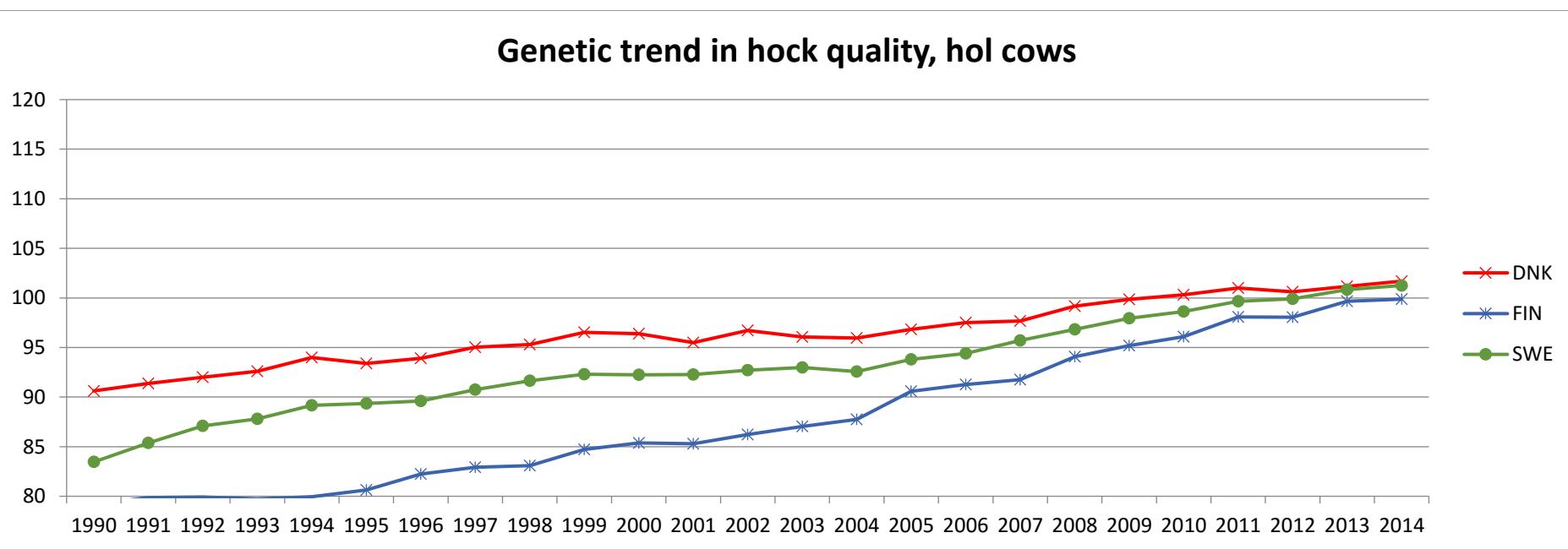
Genetic trend in rear legs side view, hol cows



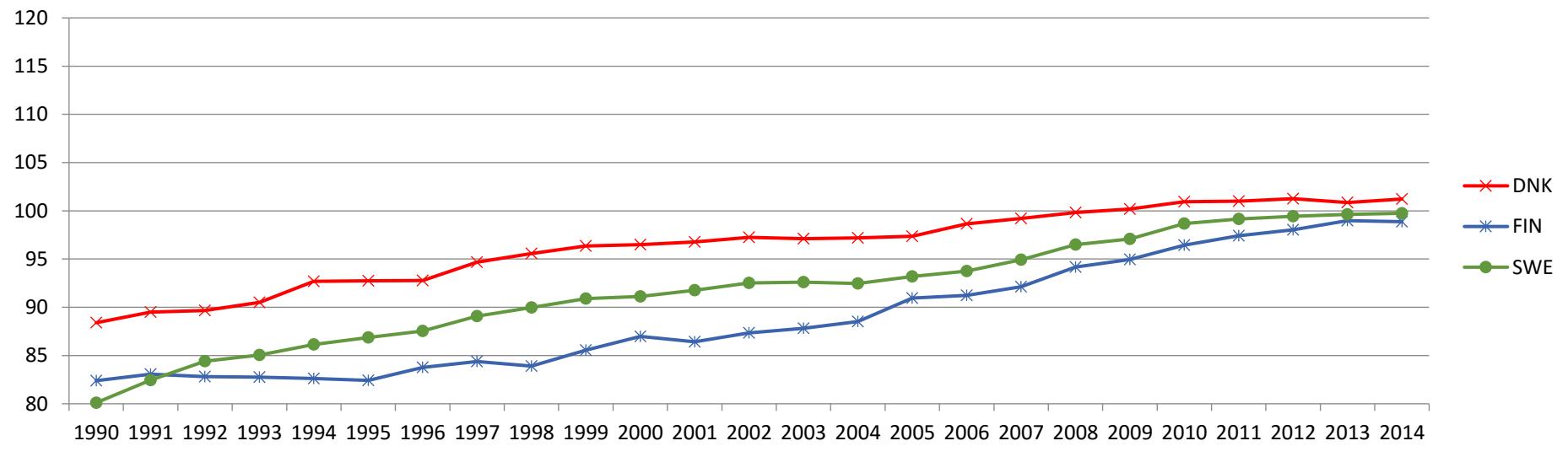
Genetic trend in rear legs rear view, hol cows



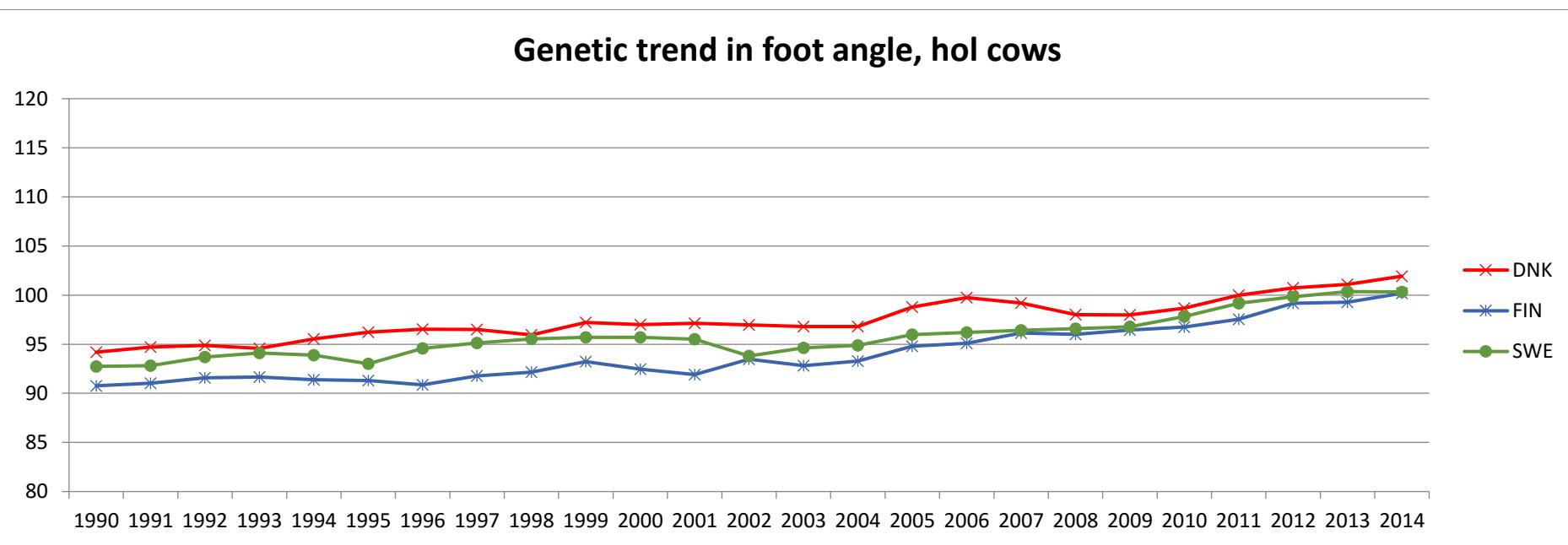
Genetic trend in hock quality, hol cows

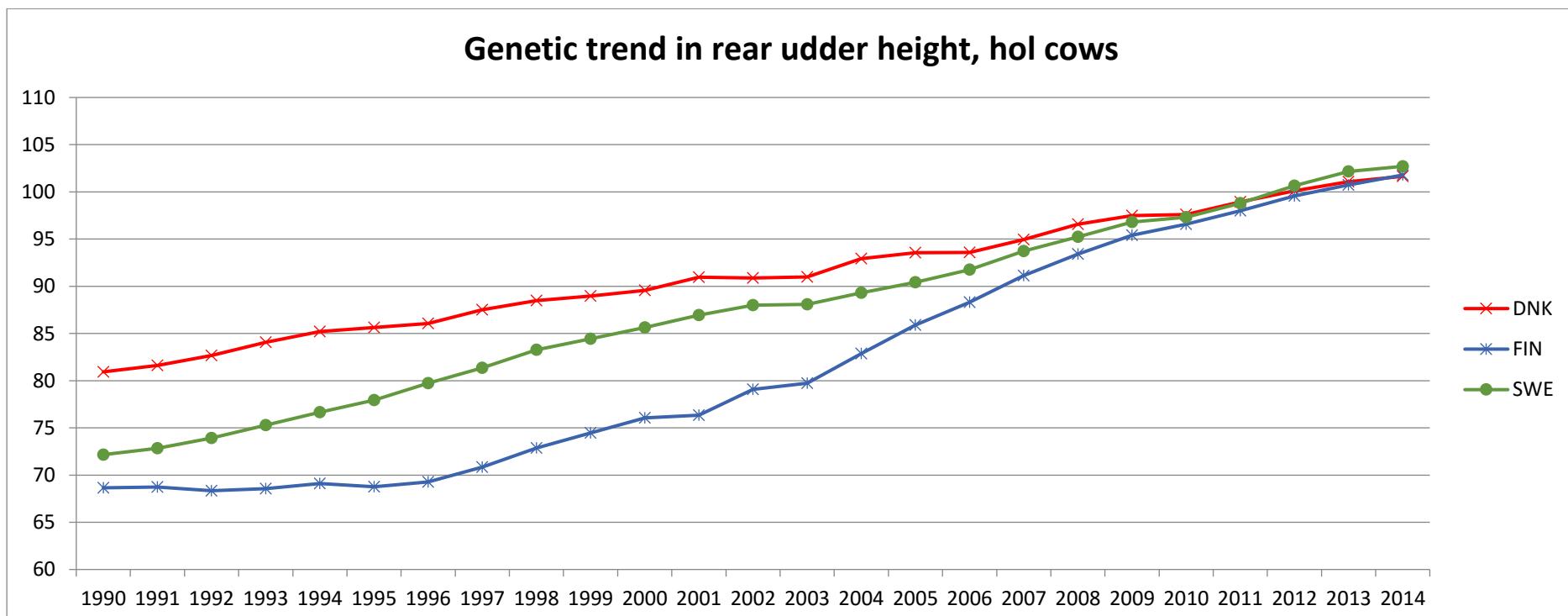
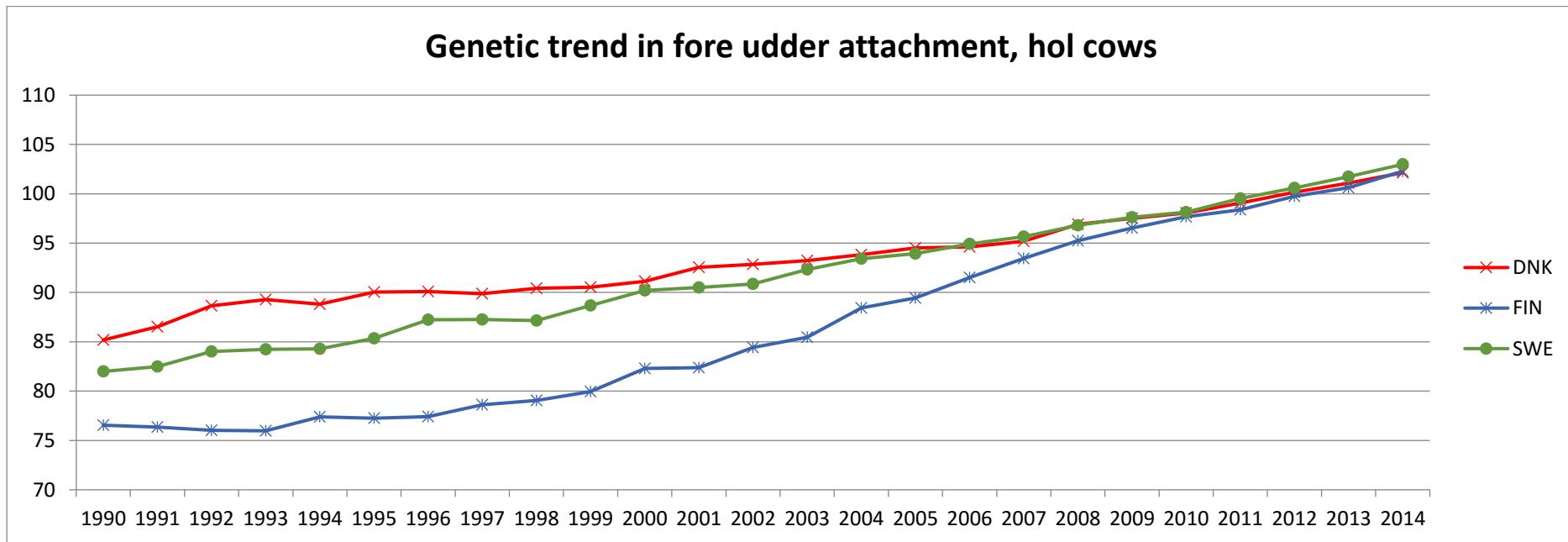


Genetic trend in bone quality, hol cows

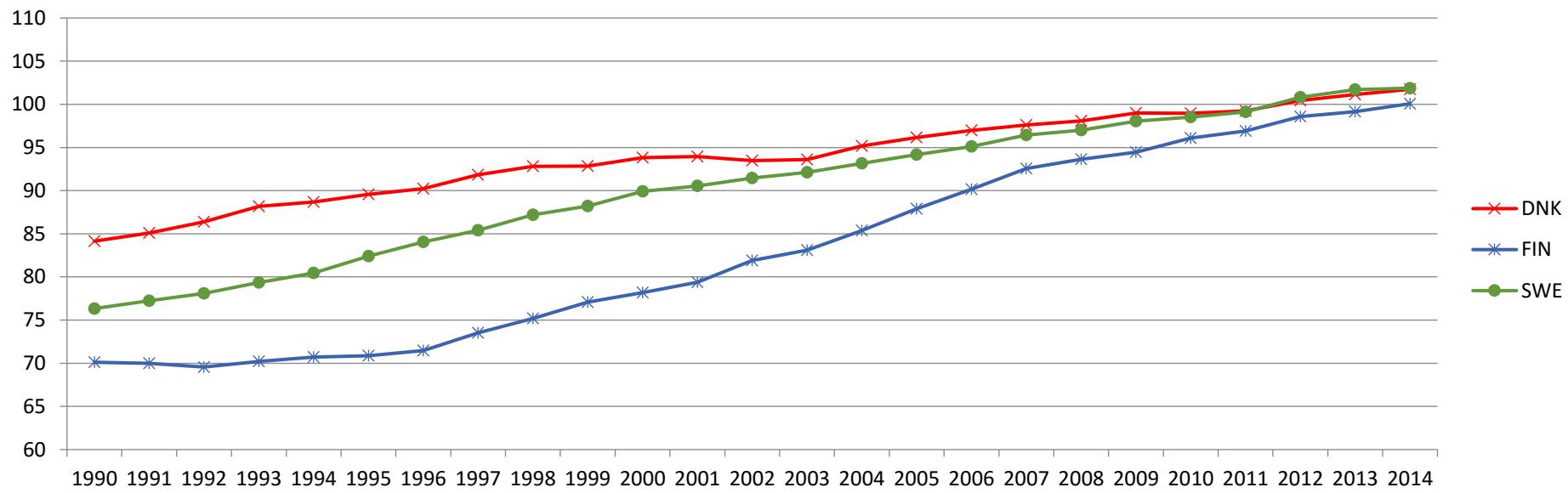


Genetic trend in foot angle, hol cows

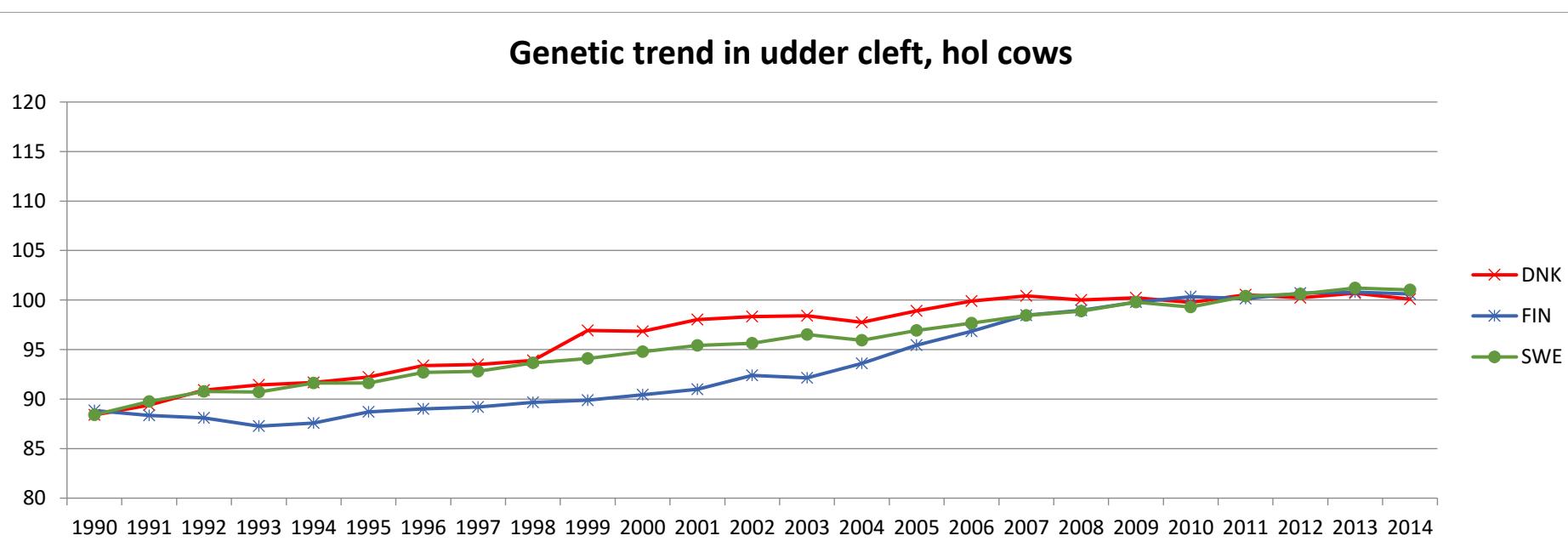




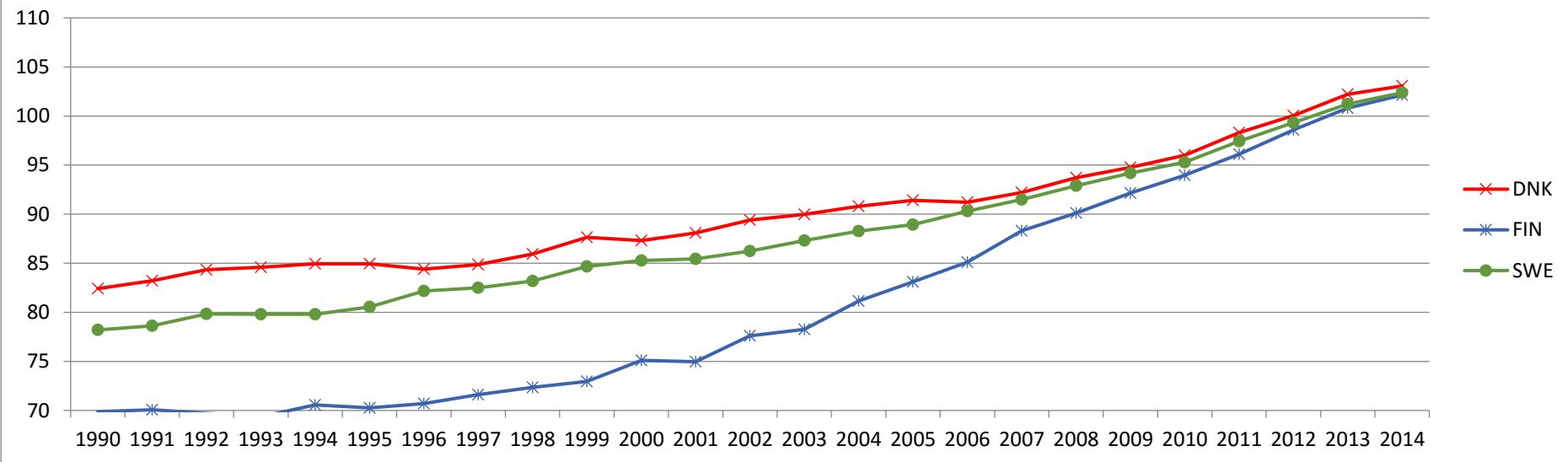
Genetic trend in rear udder width, hol cows



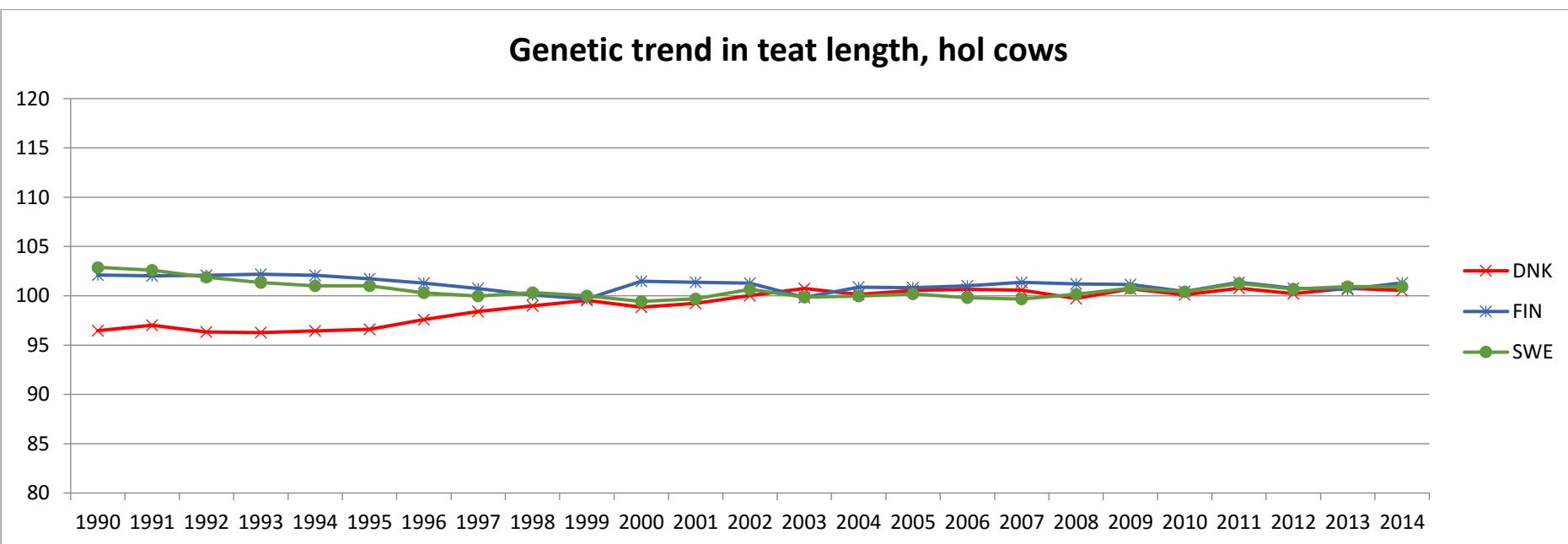
Genetic trend in udder cleft, hol cows

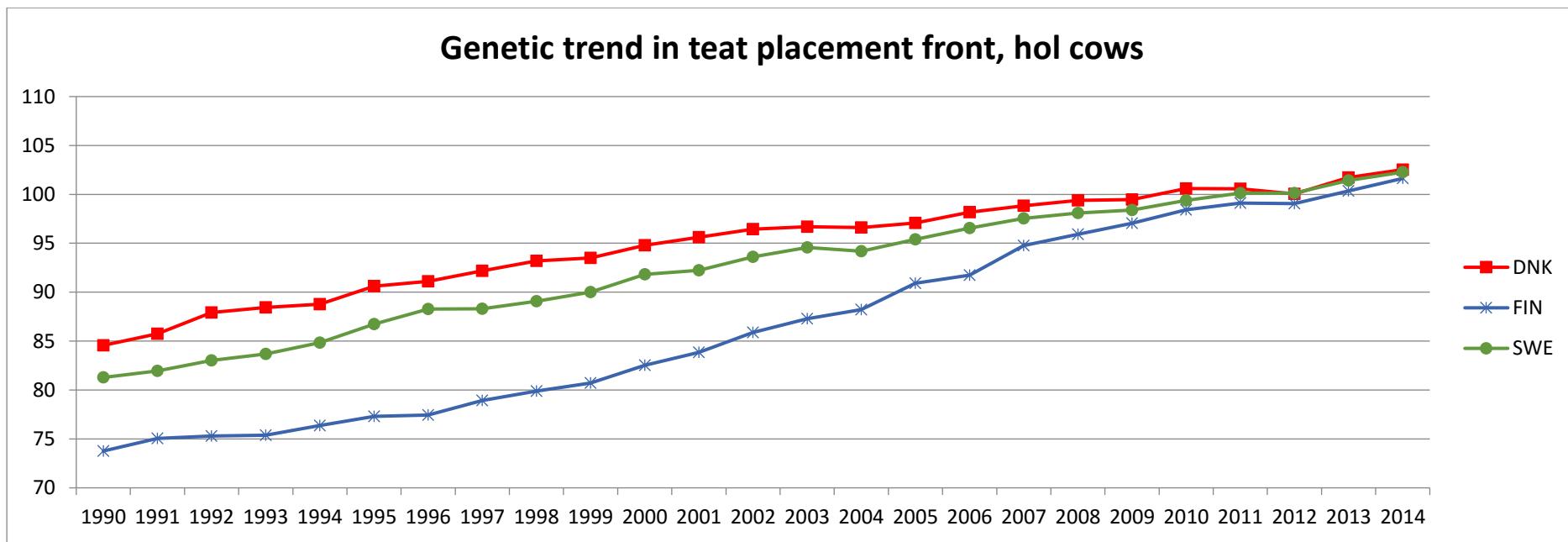
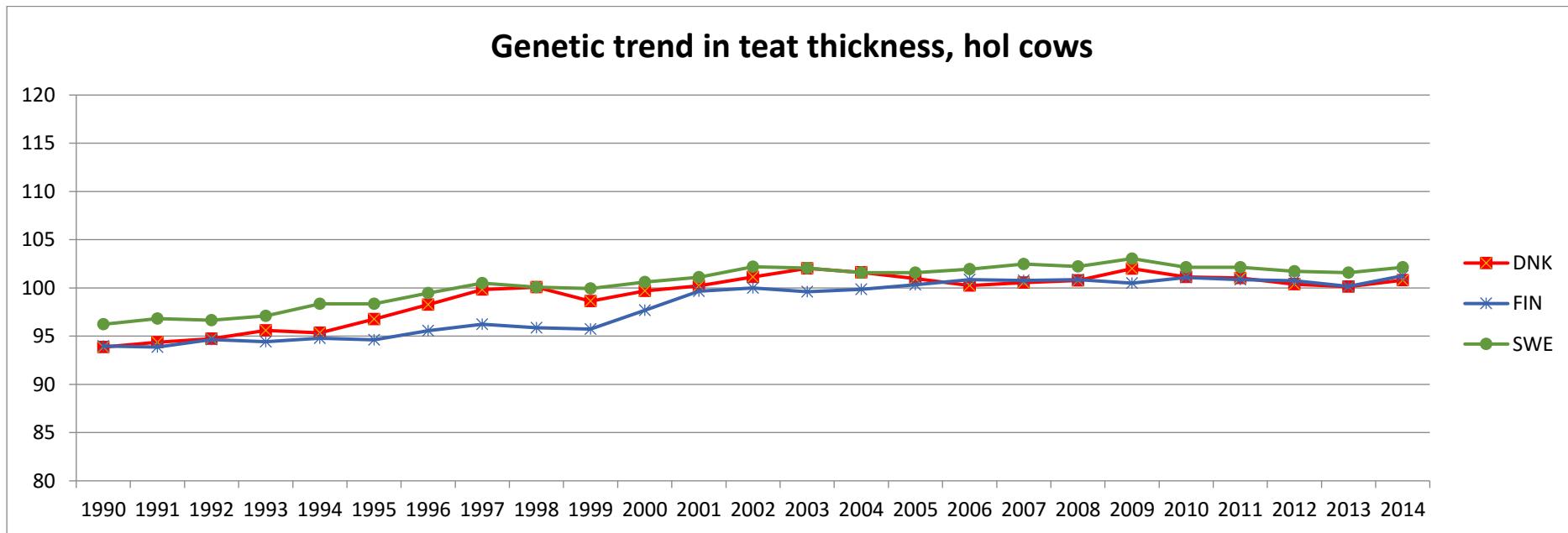


Genetic trend in udder depth, hol cows

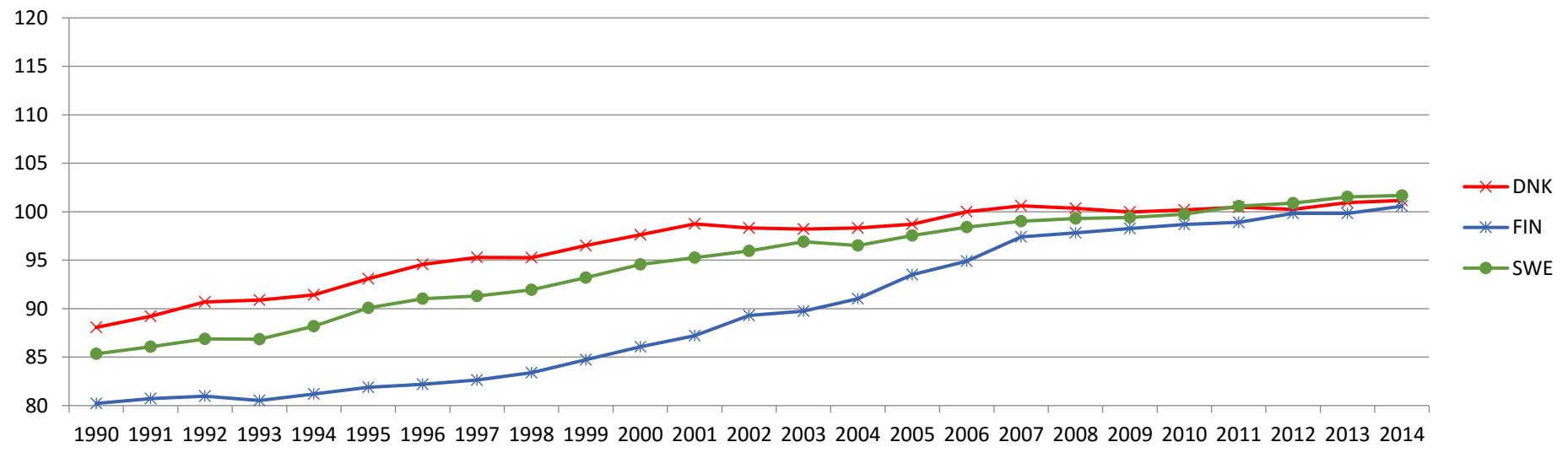


Genetic trend in teat length, hol cows

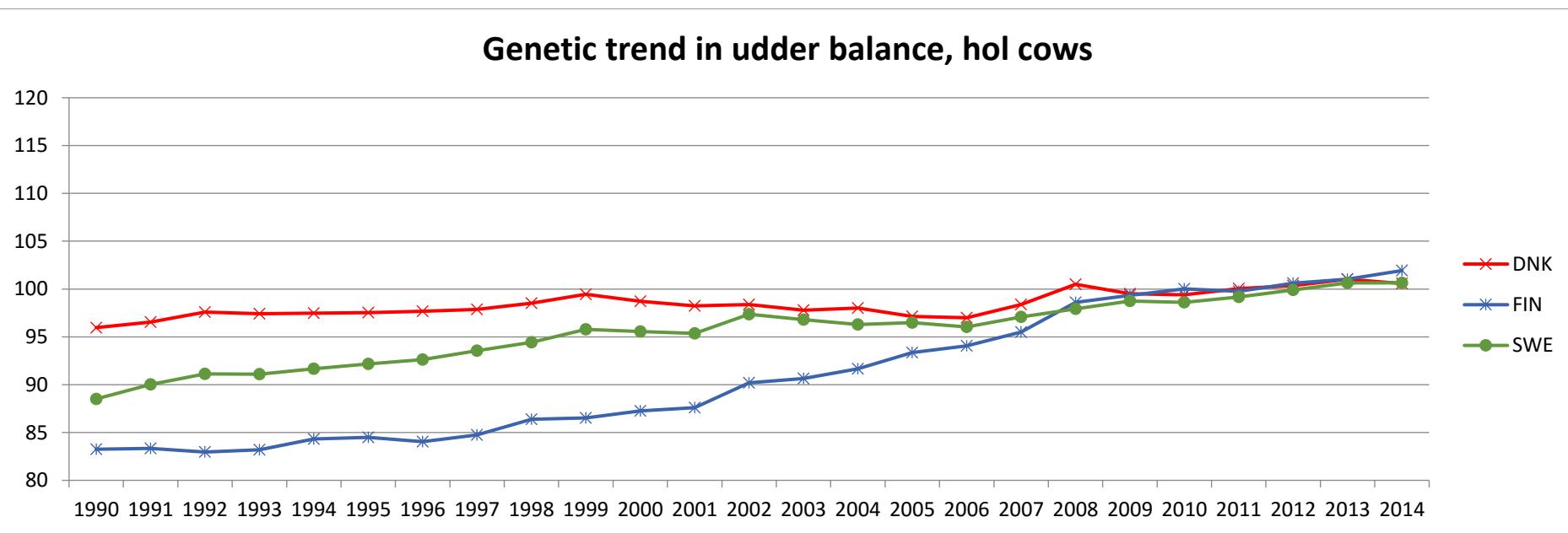




Genetic trend in teat placement rear, hol cows



Genetic trend in udder balance, hol cows



Comparison of current HOL optimum values for conformation traits and classification scores from 2016 (until December)

number of scorings	optimum	58371	13037	16155
traits		DNK	FIN	SWE
1. Stature	148^{a)}	147.5	147.9	147.8
2. Body depth	6^{a)}	5.6	5.2	5.6
3. Chest width	5^{a)}	4.9	4.9	5.0
4. Dairy form	6^{a)}	4.8	5.2	5.2
5. Top line	7^{a)}	6.5	6.2	6.5
6. Rump width	5.5^{a)}	5.0	5.5	5.3
7. Rump angle	5^{a)}	4.9	4.8	4.8
8. Rear legs, side view	5	5.0	4.8	5.0
9. Rear legs, rear view	8	5.6	5.7	6.0
10. Hock quality	9	5.8	5.7	5.6
11. Bone quality	8	6.6	6.3	6.5
12. Foot angle	6.5	5.1	4.9	5.0
14. Fore udder attachment	9	5.5	5.6	5.6
15. Rear udder height	9	6.2	6.4	6.2
16. Rear udder width	9	5.5	5.8	5.6
17. Udder cleft/support	8	5.8	5.6	5.8
18. Udder depth	9	6.1	6.7	6.5
19. Teat length	5.5	4.9	5.3	5.4
20. Teat thickness	5	4.9	4.9	5.0
21. Teat placement (front)	8	5.6	5.4	5.4
22. Teat placement (back)	5	6.3	6.7	6.7
23. Udder balance	5	5.5	5.4	5.3

a) Note technical optimums are used in the EBV calculations